THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

BY B. F. MEYERS,

At the following terms, to wit:
$2 00 per annum, if paid within the year.
$2.50 " " if not paid within the year.
☞No subscription taken for less than six months
☞No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. It has been decided by the United States Courts that the stoppage of a newspaper without the payment of arrearages, is *prima facie* evidence of fraud and as a criminal offence.
☞The courts have decided that persons are accountable for the subscription price of newspapers, if they take them from the post office, whether they subscribe for them, or not.

Children owe much of their Sickness to Colds.—No matter where the disease may appear to be seated, its origin may be traced to suppressed perspiration or a Cold. Cramps and Lung Complaints are direct products of Colds. In short Colds are the harbingers of half the diseases that afflict humanity, for as they are caused by checked perspiration, and as five-eights of the waste matter of the body escapes through the pores, if these pores are closed, that portion of diseases necessarily follows. Keep clear, therefore, of Colds and Coughs, the great precursers of disease, or if contracted, break them up immediately, by a timely use of *Madame Porter's Curative Balsam.* Sold by all Druggists, at 13 cents and 25 cents per bottle.
Jan. 23, 1863.—1y.

NEW JERSEY LANDS FOR SALE.—ALSO GARDEN OR FRUIT FARMS.
Suitable for Grapes, Peaches, Pears, Raspberries, Strawberries, Blackberries, Currants, &c., of 1, 2½, 5, 10 or 20 acres each, at the following prices for the present, viz: 20 acres for $200, 10 acres for $110, 5 acres for $60, 2½ acres for $40, 1 acre for $20. Payable by one dollar a week.
Also, good Cranberry lands, and village lots in CHETWOOD, 25 by 100 feet, at $10 each, payable by one dollar a week. The above land and farms are situated at Chetwood, Washington township, Burlington county, New Jersey. For further information, apply, with a P. O. Stamp, for a circular, to
B. FRANKLIN CLARK,
No. 90, Cedar street, New York, N. Y.
Jan. 16, 1863,—1 y.

Professional Cards.

New Banking House.
Rapp, Shannon & Co.,
have opened a Bank of Discount and Deposit, in Bedford, Pa. Money lent and taken on deposit, and collections made on moderate terms.
They also have lands in Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Missouri and Nebraska, for sale or trade.
Bedford, Oct. 30, 1863—tf.

U. H. AKERS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Bedford, Pa.*
Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Military claims speedily collected.
Office on Juliana street, opposite the post-office.
Bedford, September 11, 1863.

F. M. KIMMELL. J. W. LINGENFELTER,
KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
☞Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.
MANN & SPANG,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.
☞Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN P. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,
Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.
☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.
Bedford, Aug, 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
☞Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Juliana Street, (nearly opposite the Mengel House.)
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

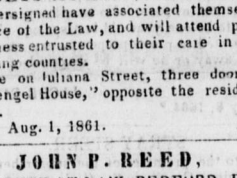
A. H. COFFROTH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Somerset, Pa
Will hereafter practice regularly in the several Courts of Bedford county. Business entrusted to his care will be faithfully attended to.
December 6, 1861.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN,
BEDFORD, PA.,
☞Would hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.
Bedford, Aug. 1,1861.

JACOB REED, J. J. SCHELL,
REED AND SCHELL,
BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PENN'A.
☞DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.
Deposits solicited.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
CORNER OF WOOD AND THIRD STREETS
PITTSBURGH, PA.
HARRY SHIRLS PROPRIETOR.
April 12 1861.

TEACHER WANTED.
A competent teacher wanted to teach the school at Buena Vista, Juniata township.—Early application desired.
GEORGE GARDILL, Sec'ry. Board of Directors of Juniata tp.

C. N. HICKOK,

DENTIST.
Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations entrusted to his care.
NATURAL TEETH filled, regulated, polished, &c., in the best manner, and ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted from one to an entire sett.
Office in the Bank Building, on Juliana street, Bedford.
CASH TERMS will be strictly adhered to.
In addition to recent improvements in the mounting of ARTIFICIAL TEETH on Gold and Silver Plate, I am now using, as a base for Artificial work, a new and beautiful article, (Vulcanite or Vulcanized India Rubber) stronger, closer fitting, more comfortable and more natural than either Gold or Silver, and 20 per cent. cheaper than silver. Call and see
C. N. HICKOK.
Bedford, January 16, 1863.

SHELLBARKS.
Forty Bushels prime Shellbarks for sale at
Nov. 20. CRAMER & COS.

Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 59. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. WHOLE NUMBER, 3090

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 8, 1864. VOL. 7, NO 23.

Rates of Advertising.

	3 MONTHS.	6 MONTHS.	1 YEAR
One Square, three weeks or less			$1.25
One Square, each additional insertion less than three months			25
One square	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00
Two squares	4 00	5 00	9
Three squares	5 00	7 00	12
¼ Column	6 00	9 00	15 00
½ Column	8 00	12 00	20 0
¾ Column	12 00	18 00	30 00
One Column	18 00	30 00	50 00

Administrators' and Executors' notices $2.50, Auditors' notices $1.50, if under 10 lines. $2.00 if more than a square and less than 20 lines. Estrays, $1.25, if but one head is advertised, 25 cents for every additional head.
The space occupied by ten lines of this size of type counts one square. All fractions of a square under five lines will be measured as a half square and all over five lines as a full square. All legal advertisements will be charged to the person handing them in.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

Lower & Rank,
WHOLESALE
TOBACCO SNUFF & SEGARS,
WAREHOUSE,
No. 146 North Third Street,
Between Cherry and Race, West Side,
PHILADELPHIA.
Country custom respectfully solicited. Our stock is large and will always be as low in price as any in the market. March 6, 1863—1y

VAN CAMP BUSH. WM. WESLEY KURTZ.
BUSH & KURTZ,
(Formerly BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.)
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS IN
Fancy Dry Goods,
No. 137 North Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Silks and Dress Goods, Linens and White Goods, Laces and Embroideries, Shawls, Ribbons and Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves and Notions.
ALSO—Bleached Shirtings, Colored Cambrics Flannels, Jeans, Ginghams, &c.
March 6, 1863.—1y

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Diseases of the Nervous System, Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Impotence, and other affections of the Sexual Organs, Physical Debility and Premature Decay—new and reliable treatment, in reports of the Howard Association, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
March 6, 1863—1y

GILLETTE & SCOTT,
AUCTIONEERS AND
Commission Merchants,
Jayne's Marble Building,
616 *Chestnut St., & 616 Jayne St.*
PHILADELPHIA.
JNO. E. GILLETTE. B. SCOTT, JR.
Apr. 17, 1863—1y.

C. D. M'CLEES & CO.
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS,
AND
INDIA RUBBER SHOES,
NO 133 NORTH THIRD STREET
OPPOSITE CHERRY ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Apr. 17, 1863—1y.

DR. TAYLOR, WM. K. HEMPHILL.
Taylor & Hemphill,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC SEGARS,
220 Market Street, South side, between 2d and 3d,
PHILADELPHIA.
March 6, 1863—1y.

MILTON COOPER, WM. M. PARHAM, ROBT. D. WORK.
COOPER, PARKHAM & WORK,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF
HATS, CAPS, FURS
AND
STRAW GOODS,
No. 51 North Third Street,
BETWEEN MARKET AND ARCH,
March 6, 1863—1y PHILADELPHIA.

MARTIN BUEHLER. R. H. HOWARD. GEO. BONBRIGHT C. P. SUESSEROTT
BUEHLER, HOWARD & CO.
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
No. 441 Market St., below Fifth,
PHILADELPHIA.
March 6, 1863—1y.

NEWLIN, FERNLEY & CO.
HARDWARE
JOBBERS AND IMPORTING MERCHANTS,
No. 337 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in Butcher's Edge Tools and Files, together with a general Stock of English and American Hardware.
March 6, 1863.—1y

MICHAEL WARTMAN & CO.
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGAR
MANUFACTORY,
No. 313 North Third Street,
Second door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
M. WARTMAN. H. PENGELMAN.
March 6,—1y.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
Twenty pieces—all widths, for sale at
Nov. 20. CRAMER & CO'S.

CASSIMERES.
Fifty Pieces new Fall Cassimeres for sale at
Nov. 20. CRAMER & CO'S.

CARRIER'S ADDRESS
TO THE PATRONS OF THE
"BEDFORD GAZETTE,"
JANUARY 1, 1864.

Away! on the folds of a dark grey cloud,
Away! on the mist as it floated by,
The Old Year, clothed in his snowy shroud,
Went to his grave—I saw him die.

Away! like a shadow from off my heart,
He went to the realms of the misty past;
They were few who mourned to see him depart;
For all felt the gloom his shadow cast.

Let him go with the thousands gone before—
The bloodiest, darkest of each age;
For he, like they, was curst by War;
And stained with blood our history's page.

He was born amid the wintry snows,
When the mountain winds were loud and strong—
When the brooks, and rivers, and currents froze,
And the summer birds had ceased their song.

And thousands rejoiced when they knew he was here;
For they thought of the fortune he might bring.—
What cared they for the winter drear,
When they thought of the flowery days of spring?—

What cared they in their mansions bright,
Where sorrow was barred by a golden door?
Where their lamps and fires were burning bright,
And threw no shadows across the floor?

But thousands mourned while they rejoiced;
For they thought of dear ones far away;
And the sunken-eyed and hollow-voiced,
Were heard and seen among the gay.

And the widow sighed, and the orphan wept,
In the hovel lone where want was seen,
For a fair young father, who quietly slept,
Beneath the sod where the fight had been.

For blood and battle marked his birth;
And his life was but a bloody reign,
Where great and noble men of worth
Were marked for banishment and pain.

He saw sweet Spring with her gentle face,
From the mountain tops steal slowly down,
With buskined feet and mien of grace;—
And met her with a scowl and frown.

Tho', she clothed with green the hill and plain,
And strewed with flowers the grassy mead,—
And her violets grew above the slain—
She could not wake the silent dead.

Tho' she shed her tears in gentle showers,
Above the dead on Marye's height,
And wept for peace in silent hours;
The carnage raged with bloody might.

And summer came with burning heat,
And the bloody strife, alas! went on;—
The Old Year saw "Milroy's Retreat,"
And Pennsylvania's peace was gone.

He saw the hills at Gettysburg
Grow dark with clouds of armed men:
The cannon's roar, the fire and smoke—
And deeds too dark for "tongue or pen;"—

Saw Vicksburg fall, and thousands die
Beneath the burning Southern sun;
He saw the dead unburied lie
At Gettysburg and sad Mine Run.

He saw the autumn leaves grow pale,
And laughed on Chickamauga's plain;
Rejoiced to see that man was frail,
And weak enough to die for gain.

He loved to see the right put down—
He loved to see the wrong have gains—
Was pleased to see October smile,
When Liberty was bound in chains.

Though old he'd grown, and grey with age,
Red Chattanooga made him young—
He saw the baffled victor's rage—
The dead and dying's praise he sung.

Then winter chilled his limbs again;
And he died 'mid strife as he was born—
Died, 'mid throes of awful pain,
Between the midnight and the morn.

Away! on the folds of a dark grey cloud,
Away on the mist as it floated by,
The Old Year, wrapped in his snowy shroud,
Went to his grave—I saw him die.

THE CARRIER.

☞The cranberry crop of Cape Cod amount to 3,899 barels, at the aggregate value of $38,660,25.

☞A correspondent of the New Haven Register says that "Jack," a brother of General Butler, was the proprietor of one of the largest gaming houses in San Francisco, when the war broke out.

THE SCHOOLMASTER A BROAD.
EDITED BY SIMON SYNTAX, ESQ.
All contributions to this column must be addressed to "Simon Syntax, Box 93, Bedford, Pa."

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the County Teachers' Association.

Pursuant to the call of the Business Committee, the Bedford County Teachers' Association met in the Court House, Monday, December 28th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., and was called to order by the County Superintendent, J. W. Dickerson. After attending to some miscellaneous business the committee on programme reported the order of business for Tuesday and the Association adjourned to meet on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock.

TUESDAY FORENOON SESSION.
Miscellaneous Business.
Class drill in Mental Arithmetic, by J. W. Dickerson.
Class drill in Articulation and Reading, by H. W. Fisher.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
Election of officers.
Essay, by Miss Lizzie Blackburn.
Report on non-uniformity of text books, by John Irvine.
Lecture on Physiology and Hygiene, by Dr. J. C. Compher.

EVENING SESSION.
Lecture on the Early History of the Anglo-Saxon People, by Rev. Henry Heckerman.

WEDNESDAY MORNING SESSION.
Class drill in Mental Arithmetic, by J. W. Dickerson.
Class drill in Analytical Grammar, by H. W. Fisher.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
Class drill in Geographical Definitions, by J. W. Dickerson.
Report on District Institutes, by J. Songster.
Discussion on report, by John Palmer and H. W. Fisher.
Lecture by Dr. J. C. Compher, on the Circulation of the Blood.
Essay on Associations, by J. T. Keagy.

EVENING SESSION.
Lecture on the Writings of Edgar Allen Poe, by B. F. Meyers, Esq.

THURSDAY MORNING SESSION.
Class drill in Mental Arithmetic, by J. W. Dickerson.
Class drill in Analytical Grammar, by H. W. Fisher.
Class drill in Elocution, by John Songster.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
Discussion on District Institutes, by E. F. Kerr, M. A. Points and H. W. Fisher.
Essay on True Ambition, by Miss Maggie O'Conner.
Essay on the Inequality of the Races, by Professor Hunter.
Lecture by Dr. J. C. Compher, on the Brain and Stomach.

EVENING SESSION.
Lecture on Religion and Education in their relation to civilization, by Rev. R. F. Sample.
The association then adjourned *sine die.*

Among the resolutions passed by the Association during the week, we note the following:
Resolved, That a committee of one person for each school district in Bedford county, be appointed by the chair, and that said committee use all honorable means to secure the adoption of a *uniform series* of text books in all the districts. The following persons were appointed:
Bedford Borough—J. W. Dickerson.
Bedford Township—John Brown.
Juniata—George Gardill.
Londonderry and Harrison—Shannon Hardman
Napier—Rev. B. H. Hunt.
St. Clair—Adam Ickes.
Union—George Garn.
Woodberry South—Samuel Ferry.
Woodberry Middle—Jos. Long.
Broad Top—John Major.
Hopewell—John B. Fluck.
Providence East—John Nycum, Jr.
Providence West—Asa Williams.
Bloody Run Bor.—Jacob B. Williams.
Snake Spring Tp.—B. F. Harkleroad.
Monroe—Henry Snyder.
Liberty—Charles Faxon.
Cumberland Valley—Wm. Mason.
Colerain—J. W. Hughes.
Schellsburg Bor.—Prof. Hunter.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Association are due to Dr. J. C. Compher, for his interesting and instructive lecture on Physiology and Hygiene.

Resolved, That we tender our thanks to Rev. H. Heckerman, B. F. Meyers, Esq., and Rev. R. F. Sample, for their highly interesting lectures before the Association, and to the Trustees of the Presbyterian Church for the use of their building for the evening lectures.

Resolved, That we, as teachers, fully appreciate the interest manifested by the county papers in the cause of education, and that the editors of said papers be requested to publish an abstract report of the proceedings of this Association.

Resolved, That the teachers who have been loitering about town instead of attending the sessions of the Association, merit and receive our censure; and to their wayward acts call the special attention of the County Superintendent.
H. W. FISHER, Pres't.
J. L. BARTON, Sec'ry.

☞Washington said that the triumph of a sectional party would bring about disunion.—Webster said that the triumph of Abolition would bring disunion. Clay said the same.—So have all true patriots said. And so has experience at last taught us.

☞In walking, always turn your toes out and your thoughts inward. The former will prevent your falling into cellars, the latter from falling into iniquity.

Select Tale.

THE REBEL OFFICER.

Toward the close of a beautiful day, during the invasion of the North by the rebel army a superior officer of that army presented himself at the door of one of the most aristocratic residences of the place, and respectfully begged a bowl of coffee for a sick companion. The lady of the house hastened to prepare it, and presently he received at her hands a large pitcher of the refreshing beverage.

He pledged himself to return shortly, and the lady, impelled by curiosity, resolved to discover whether he was truthful, or whether it was a pretext for regaling himself with a luxury. She saw him take it to an officer whose pale countenance and stooping figure she had noticed, and who drank off cup after cup, as if his thirst was unquenchable, until the pitcher was drained. Immediately her visitor turned to bear back the borrowed articles, and on reaching the door he said: "May God bless you for your kindness to a suffering man. He is feeble and almost exhausted and you cannot know how much this has comforted him."

He offered compensation, which was refused. He lingered as if wishing an invitation to tarry, and immediately some young ladies, whose curiosity to see "a splendid rebel officer," outweighed their fear, appeared on the threshold, and among them a little girl of three years. At the sight of her, the sad face of the confederate brightened, and extending a hand, he said, "Sissy, I left a little girl at home, just about your size, and she could sing very sweetly. Can you sing?"

"Yes, sir."

"Wouldn't you like to sing me a song for my little girl's sake?"

"Mamma said you were a rebel, and had come here to shoot us, and burn our house."

"O, no, my little dear, I couldn't think of shooting you," he replied with evident embarrassment. "I will take care of you, instead."

"Will you? Then I will sing you my nicest new song," and regarding him as a worthy friend she placed her hand in his, and, looking up into his face with childish confidence, began to sing, with lisping accents:

"The Union forever, hurrah, boys, hurrah!
Down with the traitor, up with the star,"

with as much assurrance as though she had known he admired the sentiment. His face took on its former serious, abstracted look, and he seemed unconscious that she had ceased until one of the ladies inquired if he would favor them with singing. He consented to join in that grand old hymn which can never die, and he reverently uncovered his head while they sang,

"Be thou, oh God exalted high,"

and the fulness, and richness, and exquisite melody of his tones can never be forgotten by that little company.

He took leave of the party, but, as if having forgotten himself, turned back and inquired: "Will one of you ladies oblige me by exchanging a postage stamp, for I wish to communicate with my sister in Washington, which I cannot do with my stamps or currency.

A lady promptly assented, and received the curiosity, and on discovering traces of his High Mightiness, Jeff. Davis perched it on the tip of her finger and eyeing it askance inquired in the saucy spirit of mischief which her beauty and grace guaranteed her, "Will it bite?"

"No it's warranted not to bite," he said, smiling at the oddness of the question.

"How long are you rebels going to stay here?" she continued.

"Are you in haste to have us go? We shall protect you as carefully as your own army would do."

"Perhaps so, but we don't need protection, and that is not the object of your coming."

"We propose to make a tour of the North, partly on business and partly on pleasure."

"Well, but how long will it take you to accomplish your plans?"

"Really, I could not say, perhaps six weeks, perhaps all summer. Possibly we may like it so well we may never go back."

"No," she said, with a burst of passionate impulse, "I hope you will never get back, but your bones will strew the way, and bleach in the sun all the way from here to the Potomac."

"You are very bitter, I should have expected that from a Yankee lady, but hardly from you."

"I am from the opposite extreme, from Iowa, but I hate a rebel worse than the Yankees do. You are rebelling against the power of God and the kindness of man."

"Lady you don't consider what you say.—Those are fearful words."

"I know they are, but I will repeat that I hope that not one of you will escape to carry the tidings. You had no right to come here, and destroy our homes, and take away our friends and leave nothing but desolation in your track. You may not hope for the blessing of God upon your undertaking."

"Lady," he answered while a tear sprang to his eye, "I would not be found here to-day, had not your army found its way to my home, and desolated it. I had a beautiful young wife, fair as the beauty of heaven, loving, and tenderly loved, but even her they did not spare, but well nigh broke her heart with fear and sorrow. Then I resolved to forfeit my life, or avenge the wrong. I determined that the homes of the North should feel the power of the invader's hand, if my single strength could accomplish it. It is easy for you with your abundance, to sit and declaim against us, who have been nerved to the last point of desperation, by the wrongs of your armies, and when we see our dear ones reduced to the last extremity, what shall we do but raise our hands, and strike in their defence! I did not willingly enter into this struggle, but having entered it, death alone shall put a limit to my efforts."

"Do you expect God will forgive you?"

"I trust I have a father in heaven who has forgiveness for me, for I am conscious I am doing only my duty, and does not that always meet the approbation of God? My convictions of duty brought me here, and will sustain me to the end. But if I fall, I should hardly expect you to minister to me. Would you comfort a dying man whom you call a rebel?"

"I dont know as I should, if he continued a rebel."

"May God forgive you. The chances of war may cause us to meet again." Gracefully raising his hat, 'till we meet," he said, and mounting his horse, he rode away.

Those words of the resolute young officer rang in her ears like a fatality. What could he mean? He surely was not so unsoldierly as to seek personal revenge, yet the soul of the young girl, whom scarcely any danger daunted, was filled with unrest.

For several days all remained in quiet suspense. Vast bodies of cavalry and infantry were moving to and fro like the surging of enormous billows. Heavy demands were made upon the people; and those supplies that were not willingly granted, were forcibly taken, until all began to look anxiously for the time and place when the dreadful blow should fall. At last it came, and that in the consecrated abodes of the dead.

O the terrible thunder of artillery! O the sickening thought that thousands unprotected human breasts were the targets for those horrible missiles of destruction. How can humanity *look* on such scenes and live?

The contest was frightful and bravery desperate on either side, but at length there was a lull, and the stars and stripes were in the ascendant.

The firing ceased, and the armies slowly retired. Every available spot, from the spacious halls consecrated to God, down to the veriest hovel, was filled with the wounded, and dying, friend and foe side by side, blaspheming, groaning, praying: and these are the noble forms whom but yesterday were in the full glory of manhood.

"Mothers and sisters, with tenderest sympathy quickly gathered round to perform kind offices, fearing lest each moment should reveal the countenance of a dear one; and among other ministering spirits was found our rash, impetuous friend—and as though Providence had directed her, the first person whom she reached was the rebel officer—shot! Yet he smiled as she advanced, saying: "You could not refuse a dying man, even a rebel."

"I have repented of those cruel words. A soldier, from the moment he is wounded is no longer a rebel but a man, deserving all the kindness of humanity."

"Thank you. I could not have stopped to bandy words with you, had you not so powerfully reminded me of my wife. Where on this wide green earth she is, I cannot tell, for she fled from her home and I could never get trace of her afterward. If she has passed beyond, I trust I soon shall go to her, for she is mine still. You are her exact counterpart, and I could not force myself to go out of your presence, until you told me that neither God nor yourself would forgive me, for my share in this "wicked rebellion." But now, lying here in the very face of death I do not regret what I have done for my country."

The lady was silent, but at length replied:

"I had a little sister, who closely resembled me, and as we were motherless, my father gave her to a wealthy Southern lady visiting North, who took a fancy to her. Her name was Ella, and the lady's name, was Nottingham."

"My wife's name, and you are her sister! That accounts for my strange fascination. But it is a sad meeting. Will you not forgive a brother who has met death in defence of your sister!"

She could not utter a word, but the tears fell like rain, and she placed her hand on his head, granting him the coveted petition.—"Thank you. Be kind to Ella and Maggie, if you can ever see them. Tell them my last thought was for them." His sentences which from the first had been indistinct and disconnected, grew more and more feeble, until she stood alone before the dead.

Such sad developments these dark days bring! Who shall count the hearts bleeding, breaking, because the light of the household hath gone out forever? Will not our father in heaven soon say: "I have seen that it is enough?"

HOW SOON WE FORGET.—A leaf is torn from the tree by the rude gale, and borne away to some desert spot to perish! Who misses it from amongst its fellows? Who is sad that it has gone? Thus it is with human life. There are dear friends perhaps, who are stricken with grief when a loved one is taken; and for many days the grave is watered with tears of anguish.—But by and by the crystal fountain is drawn dry; the last drop oozes out; the stern gates of forgetfulness fold back upon the exhausted spring; and Time, the blessed healer of sorrows, walks over the closed sepulchre without waking a single echo by her footsteps.

☞Kindness is a language that even the dumb brutes can understand.

☞A harangue in Parliament or Congress in favor of declaring war may be called a war-rant.

☞It is not half the trouble to learn in youth that it is to be ignorant in old age.

☞How we printers lie, as our devil said when he got up too late for breakfast.

☞Peru employs 250,000 persons in the India-rubber business.

☞Fifty tons of grapes passed through Detroit one day last week.

☞Rations given to Vicksburg during thirty days, cost Uncle Sam $52,000.

☞Thirty editors and printers were among the killed and wounded at Chickamauga.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.
JOHN PALMER, Assistant.

FRIDAY : : : JANUARY 8, 1864.

What They Promised.

THE FRIENDS OF GOV. CURTIN PROMISED THE PEOPLE THAT IF THEY WOULD RE-ELECT HIM, THE WAR WOULD END IN 30 DAYS AND THERE WOULD BE NO MORE DRAFTING. HOLD THEM TO THEIR PROMISES.

Editorial Note.

As our name has been placed at the head of this paper, as assistant editor, during the absence of *the* editor, we take occasion to say that, though far less competent to fulfil the duties of the post than those who have so ably performed them before us; we shall, nevertheless, endeavor to do our whole duty for the good of the time honored principles ever advocated by the *Gazette*. We shall endeavor to pursue the same line of policy heretofore pursued by the editor of this paper; and shall endeavor to stand up for the rights of freemen as firmly as he. We shall not hesitate to denounce every usurpation of the present administration, as boldly as we may see fit, without regard to consequences.—But, whilst we endeavor to do all this, we shall try to make the paper no less interesting than it has always been before.

JOHN PALMER.

Bedford, Jan. 8, 1864.

The New Year.

We have begun the new year; and who shall tell us what it will bring us before its close? How many prophecies by Seward? How many victories by Burnside and Hooker shall we have? and how often will the war be ended during the present year?—Can any one tell us how many proclamations will be issued from the White House? and how often the President will get the measles, scarlet fever, or small pox before it is over? These are questions not easily answered. But one need not be a prophet, nor "the son of a prophet," in order to foretell the terrible scenes of slaughter and bloodshed, that are yet to befall the nation before the consummation of its ruin by the fanatics now in power. How often have the hopes of the nation been raised by the announcement that the rebellion was doomed!—that Richmond was a "doomed city"—that the entire Southern army was "just within our grasp," and that Jeff. Davis was about packing his traps in order to take his departure for parts unknown. Yet how often were they disappointed.

We should like very much to see this year finish the war, and restore the Union. But, alas! what hope is there of this under the nigger policy of the present administration? We answer, none. The clouds hang as darkly over the portals of the present year as they did over the last. What power shall lift them and restore the light again? Surely not the present administration.

THE HOME JOURNAL.—This always beautifully printed paper is out in new type with the new year. Its typographical appearance is all that could be desired; but, besides this, it is the finest literary journal in the country. We need no better proof of our assertion, than a reference to the names of the editors. The volume commences with the first of January. With the first number commences an interesting novelette, entitled "*De Valverde*," translated from the French. Terms of subscription: $2.50 a year in advance, for single copies. For three copies $6.00, one copy for three years, $6.00; for a club of six copies $12.00, and, at that rate, for a larger club—*always* in advance. Address

MORRIS & WILLIS,
107 Fulton st., N. Y.

☞THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.—This interesting family newspaper, (one of the oldest in the United States,) comes to us looking as familiar as an old friend. We certainly think the *Post* one of the best family journals now published. The publishers offer new inducements to subscribers this year. Besides the usual selected reading matter, they commence in the first paper of January a new novel, called "OSWALD CRAY," by Mrs. Wood. To any person sending thirty subscriptions and sixty dollars, will be given one of Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated sewing machines. Terms, $2 a year, in advance, or two copies for $3. Specimen numbers sent free. Address

DEACON & PETERSON,
No. 319 Walnut st., Phil'a.

☞The Teachers' Association, which convened in this place last week, if not a success in numbers, was certainly so in the manner it was conducted:—as well in the "class drills" as the lectures. The lectures on Physiology and Hygiene, by Dr. J. C. Compher, before the teachers, were highly interesting and instructive.—The lectures of B. F. Meyers, Esq., and Rev. R. F. Sample, delivered in the Presbyterian Church, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, were listened to with much attention. In short, the lectures of last week were a decided literary treat.

☞The Poor Directors met on Tuesday last, at the Poor House, and re-appointed all the officers of last year.

Rev. Samuel Yingling
AND THE
Lutheran Council.

We have no desire to meddle in business not our own. We have less desire to make a private church matter the subject of newspaper discussion. If members of other churches would attend to their own affairs and pay their own preachers, it would be more creditable to them than to backbite their neighbors and undertake to discuss matters they don't understand. If certain picayune individuals who never astonished their minister or any body else with a spark of liberality, but on the contrary are mean subscribers and meaner pay, would just do as they have always heretofore done: let the church take care of itself, it would look, at least, more consistent. This new-born zeal must have been scared up by some *dark* spirit.

We know none of the details and don't wish to know or meddle, but we have it from good and substantial authority, such as would establish any fact in a court of justice, that the article in the last *Inquirer* in its attempt to fasten political prejudice upon the council, and its efforts to connect an innocent Sunday School festival (which proved to be quite a success) with the action of the council, are wholly and entirely untrue. Other and higher considerations, we are informed, (and the authority is too strong to deny in this community,) moved the council in doing what they did. From what we know of the men and their personal regard for his Reverence, they could say, and, no doubt, did say: "Not that I loved Cæsar less but Rome more," and influenced by that high motive, acted. Such action is taken in all churches. It occurs every month, we have no doubt, in the Lutheran church. Why take the matter so much to heart *just now*? We know the motives, and will leave the reader to look at them himself without expressing them. Attributing such motives to such men as composed that council, is measuring men by their own rule, and judging others by themselves. We are beginning to believe the laity of the church, like the honest masses of the country, will have to take things in their own hands—at least until we can get preachers who can appreciate their calling and disdain to meddle in politics. We want ministers of the Gospel, and we are going to have them (or have none) who can distinguish between a great *national* question and a great *abolition* question. We say down on the preacher who either preaches, prays or *talks* politics. He has no business to do either. He must give offence and divide his people, and if they can't see it, like all other men, they will feel it. They are not exempt from an abuse of their privileges any more than other men. We don't intend these latter remarks to be leveled at Mr. Yingling more than any body else; but men in that calling at this critical time in our country's history, can learn their duty as well as all others from the things around them—and if they will not learn, but doggedly and persistently pursue a course distasteful to their people, and not keep constant vigilance over their flocks—making efforts constantly to unite and harmonize instead of breeding discord and bad feeling, they must take the consequences; and so far as we can, we will lay bare their weak points, and hold up their hands so long as they preach peace and good will to men.

New Rule.

Hereafter, all obituary notices, including Resolutions of Societies and Lodges on the death of members, will be charged for at the rate of five cents per line when they exceed six lines. Simple notices of marriages and deaths will be published gratis as heretofore.

Speech to Ebony Kirby.

A la mode General Milroy—par lee de vash.—BOB BROWN.

☞THE DRAFT.—Orders have been issued by the War Department, postponing the draft until the 15th inst. "And as the re-enlistments in the veteran regiments are to be credited to their respective States, there is a strong likelihood that the necessity for a draft will be obviated." The extension of the time indicates that it is the intention of the authorities to avoid another draft if possible.

☞We understand that the Sunday School exhibition given in the Lutheran church at Schellsburg, on Christmas and New Year's evenings, was a decided success:—both as regards the performance and financially.

☞While we write the merry sleigh bells are jingling through the streets, and merry hearts are beating hopefully for a sleigh ride. Winter is upon us at last. The ice and snow—his inevitable followers—have wrapped the earth in white and covered the roads with glass. We are led to exclaim, (to ourselves): "A horse! a horse! a kingdom for a horse!"

☞We refer our readers to an article copied from the National Intelligencer, published at Washington. Coming from the source it does, it is significant, full of meaning, and should be read by all. The administration of proclamations is dying. The death-rattle is beginning to be heard from different quarters.

☞Our new Treasurer, James B. Farquhar, Esq., celebrated his installment in office, on Tuesday evening last, by an oyster supper, gotten up in excellent style by the good lady of the house. We had the pleasure of partaking of the edibles, and enjoyed ourself "hugely." The guests were in a fine humor; and the new Treasurer did the honors of the occasion with an ease and gracefulness of manner, unsurpassed by his predecessor, A. J. Sansom, on a former occasion. The newly elected officers have now all assumed their official duties, and there is not a single Abolitionist holding a county office.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.
No. I.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
HARRISBURG, Jan. 4, 1864.

DEAR GAZETTE:

As I seat myself to write, the "Republican"-Abolition, or as they style themselves in their call for their caucus, the "National Union" party of the House, are assembled in secret conclave for the purpose of nominating candidates for Speaker, Clerk, &c. Mr. Johnson, of Crawford, it is said, will be their nominee for the first named office. He is a gentleman of ability, and his pleasing address and affability of disposition, have made him many friends. As the opponents of the Democracy are in the majority in the House, and will, of course, choose the Speaker, it is some consolation to know that a man of Mr. Johnson's stamp will be selected to fill that important position. For Clerk, it is thought that our neighbor, Mr. Benedict, of Huntingdon, will be the "Republican" nominee. Col. McDowell, a renegade Democrat, is his opponent, but Mr. Benedict will defeat him; for, much as our opponents love the treason, they heartily despise the traitor. Besides, Mr. Benedict was treated very scurvily by his party in Huntingdon county, in their refusal to give him a re-nomination for Representative, and this fact enlists for him the sympathy of many of the "Republican" members. As to the other offices in the gift of the House, the applicants for them are "thick as leaves in Vallambrosa." Among them is to be seen every hue and shade of the small fry of the mongrel "Republican"-Abolition party. I recognize in some of them, those peculiar political saints who, although styling themselves Democrats, could not find it in their virtuous and incorruptible hearts to vote for George W. Woodward. Their conduct during the campaign, was somewhat mysterious, but it is now perfectly explicable. They were "bought with a price."

It is not known yet who will be the Democratic nominee for Speaker, but when there is such material to select from as Pershing, of Cambria, Jackson, of Sullivan, Beck, of Lycoming, and Wimley, of Montgomery, the Democrats cannot well make a mistake. I presume Uncle Jacob Zeigler, the efficient and gentlemanly clerk of the last House, will be re-nominated for that position, as a compliment to his worth as an officer as well as to his firmness and gallantry as a Democrat.

The organization of the Senate promises to be somewhat difficult and exciting. There are 16 Democratic and 16 "Republican" Senators, the Senator from Indiana and Armstrong, Harry White, a "Republican," being held as a prisoner of war, in Richmond. It is to be hoped that an early organization will be effected, by the election of a Democratic Speaker, especially as one district represented by a "Republican" (the Lycoming district) is now strongly Democratic. Let Mr. Johnson, the Senator from that district, obey the instructions of his constituents as given in their poll for Governor at the late election, and vote for the Democratic candidate for Speaker. This will organize the Senate justly and speedily. More anon.

B. F. M.

Gen. McClellan's Report.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—General McClellan's report was transmitted to the House to day.—It consists of 764 fools cap pages and is divided into four parts. He concludes as follows: I shall not, nor can I leaving, forget that when I was ordered to the command of the troops for the defence of the capitol, the soldiers with whom I had shared so much anxiety, pains and sufferings of the war, had not lost confidence in me as their commander. They sprang to my call with all their energy, discipline and courage. I led them into Maryland fifteen days after they had fallen back defeated before Washington; vanquished the enemy on the rugged heights of South Mountain, pursued him to the hard fought field of Antietam, and drove him broken and desperate across the Potomac into Virginia. The army had need of rest after the terrible experience of battle and marches with scarcely an interval of repose which they had gone through from the time of leaving for the peninsula; the return to Washington, the defeat in Virginia, the victory at South Mountain, and again at Antietam, it was not surprising that they were in a large degree destitute of the absolute necessities for effective duty. Their shoes were worn out, blankets lost and clothing in rags; in short, the army was unfit for active service, and an interval for rest and repose was necessary. When the slowly forwarded supplies came to us, I led the army across the river, renovated, refreshed and in good order and discipline, and following the retreating foe to a position where I was confident of a decisive victory. When in the midst of a movement and while my advance guard was actually in contest with the enemy, I was removed from command. I am devotedly grateful to God that my last campaign with this brave army was crowned with victory, which saved the nation from the greatest peril it had ever undergone. I have not accomplished my purpose if, by this report, the Army of the Potomac is not placed high in the rolls of the histories of the armies of the world. Its deeds ennoble the nation to which it belongs, always ready for battle, always firm, steadfast and trustful. I never called on it in vain, nor will the nation ever have cause to attribute its wants of success under myself or under other commanders to any failure of patriotism or bravery in that noble body of American soldiers. No man can justly charge upon any portion of that army from the commanding general to the private any lack of devotion to the service of the United States Government, and to the cause of the Constitution and Union.—They have proved their fealty in much sorrow, suffering, danger and through the very shadow of death. Their comrades dead on all the battle-fields where we fought, have scarcely more claim to the honor of a nation's reverence than the survivors of the justice of a nation's gratitude. The report covers the period from the 20th of July, 1861, to November 7th, 1862.

The London *Globe* cautions its readers against the statement that Lord Lyons had telegraphed to Earl Russell predicting the termination of the war in six months.

From the National Intelligencer.

The President's Plan.

Analysis of the President's Plan for the Restoration of the Union.

To understand the principles embraced in this plan we must compare them with those on which our Constitution is founded.

The basis of our general government is *States*, having constitutions and laws established by the people of those States.

The right of suffrage in those States is regulated by their own constitutions and laws.—State voters thus qualified, and *they only*, can vote for members of Congress. (See Art. 1st, 2d section of the Constitution.)

But the President undertakes to proscribe the qualification of *State voters*, excluding all from the right of suffrage in governing themselves who will not take an oath dictated by him.

This oath is not merely an oath of allegiance to the Constitution and laws of the United States, but goes further, and requires the affiant to swear that he will support all acts of Congress and proclamations of the President touching a certain kind of property until they be annulled by Congress or the Supreme Court.

The proclamations of the President in relation to slave property declare all slaves free in certain States, whether their owners be loyal or disloyal. Every legal voter within those States, therefore, must swear to give up that species of property before he can have a voice in the government of his own State.

Where the President finds the power, military or otherwise, to establish *civil* governments or regulate the right of suffrage in the States, we are not informed.

If State governments, constituted by *one-tenth* of the voters, shall be established, what is to protect them against the other *nine-tenths*? The President promises such governments the protection of the United States, meaning by it military force. In that event we should see the armies of the United States employed to enable *one-tenth* of the voters of a State to govern *nine-tenths*.

But suppose that after the governments of one-tenth have been established, the nine-tenths should resume their allegiance and proceed to elect State officers and members of Congress under their own constitutions and laws and the Constitution and laws of the United States, without taking the oath prescribed by the President, on what ground could the military power of the United States be used to suppress the government of *nine-tenths* and support the government of *one-tenth*?

This plan, as far as it goes, appears to be borrowed from the politics of continental Europe, where kings give constitutions. Why should the fundamental principles of our institutions be subverted for no other purpose than to hasten Providence in the destruction of an institution which is fast dying under the blows brought upon it by the crimes of its advocates? Why not let it perish in the house of its friends? Why not, instead of breaking up the foundation of our government, take and maintain military possession of the States now controlled by the rebels, until the people of their own accord resume their allegiance? That they will do so when the military arm of the rebellion shall be broken we have every reason to believe. If they do not, it will be because they prefer a military government to governing themselves.

That the leaders of the rebellion should be punished, especially the original conspirators, on whom rests the guilt of half a million of murders, few men will deny.

The principles of this plan would not be changed if it were approved by Congress and the Supreme Court, an incredible result.

December 12, 1863. CONSERVATIVE.

How the Money Goes.

What becomes of the people's money is a serious question. Reports and exposures of robberies, &c., are of daily occurrence. They no longer astound. In former times a small loss to the Government created a great sensation, but now we hear of losses that reach not only thousands, but hundreds of thousands and millions. Quite recently it has been ascertained that one Cornwall, a clerk in the Treasurer's office in Washington has stolen one hundred thousand dollars, and yet there is very little said about it. Such conduct seems to be common in every Department—it is the rule, not the exception. In this connexion we ask the attention of our readers to the following remarks of the *Age* in regard to the "commutation money." As many of them know the difficulties experienced in raising the three hundred dollars they had to pay, they will naturally feel an anxiety to know what become of the money. The *Age* says:

"Ten millions of the people's money paid away, and no receipt taken for it. In the debates of Congress on the 21st inst., a remarkable fact was elicited, by Mr. Brooks, New York. The money which has been received for the three hundred dollars commutation, amounts to the sum of $10,000,000. In an application for an appropriation of $20,000,000, for premiums for volunteering it was discovered that the $10,000,000 already received was not to be included in that amount, but that sum had already been received by the Secretary of War, and paid away without any appropriation having been made by Congress for that purpose.

"Mr. Cox, (opp) of Ohio, inquired whether the ten millions received as commutation were included in the twenty now required.

Mr. Stevens replied that his understanding was that the ten millions were included.

Mr. Brooks offered an amendment to the bill, to the effect that the twenty millions named therein shall include all commutation money hitherto and hereafter to be paid into the Treasury.

Mr. Garfield, (rep.) of Ohio, said the commutation money had already been paid out, whether properly or legally he would not undertake to decide."

"Here is the commutation of 83,333 American citizens, much of it unwillingly wrung from those illy able to spare it,—the laid up precaution against adversity or old age, or the intended tributes of affection, the hard scrapings together of weary years of toil,—gone into Mr. Stanton's hand, and spent,—how? Under any order from the representatives of those people whose money he is spending? By virtue of any act of legislation directing its appropriation? No. The Secretary does not even condescend to explain to Congress how he has disbursed this money. And, if it has been paid away honestly, to insure which there is no method of precaution, we do not know but that it has gone for the payment of something directly contravening the will of the people. What right has Mr. Stanton to spend $10,000,000, or ten cents, of the people's money? What security against peculation, what certainty that proper application will be made of these funds, have the people, if such want of system is tolerated? Such proceedings are too dangerous to be permitted to remain without the strongest animadversion. They form a precedent so mortal to our liberties that nothing should prevent such action as will effectually hinder their recurrence.—*Genius of Liberty.*

Our Debt.

It is now estimated that the expenses, up to the end of the next fiscal year, will be four thousand millions of dollars. The whole property in the United States, in 1860, was estimated at sixteen thousand millions. All the destruction and diminishing of property in the Southern States is, of course, to be deducted from the estimated sixteen thousand millions.—The cost of one term of the present Administration has cost the country more than double the entire cost of the Government from the day Washington was inaugurated first President down to the day Abraham Lincoln was inaugurated.

Apprehended Rebel Raid on Winchester.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—There are indications that General Early contemplates a movement or raid towards Winchester, and perhaps beyond that town. An order has been issued from the Army of the Potomac, prohibiting all newspaper correspondents connected therewith from publishing or causing to be published, the number or designation of regiments re-enlisting in the army, or leaving the same, the number of re-enlistments or the number of men furloughed. Another order from Provost Marshal Patrick requires a correct enrollment made of all civilians or army followers, excepting actual residents within the limits of their respective corps. This is designed to reach those who have sought refuge in the army to avoid the draft. Fifty prisoners and deserters reached Washington to day.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Advices from Cumberland, Maryland, of the 1st inst., state that our pickets near Winchester, Va., had been driven in to Bunker Hill.

Later from Charleston.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Advices from Folly Island, received per the Arago, state that our guns at Cummings' Point opened on Charleston on Christmas morning, lasting from one to three o'clock; several fires were kindled in the city which burned a considerable amount of property. The rebel batteries replied without damage.

The U. S. gunboat Marblehead was fired into by a rebel battery in Stono Inlet and two men killed and five wounded. Assisted by the Pawnee she compelled the rebels to leave their works. Gen. Gordon with a detachment of men landed later in the day and took possession of the works. The guns were subsequently brought off by commander Balsh, of the Pawnee.—They are two eight-inch sea coast howitzers.—The rebels had one killed and five wounded.

New York Police Commissioners--A Speck of War.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The Police Commissioners deny the validity of the action of Gov. Seymour in removing them from office and appointing Messrs. Bosworth, McMurray and Lewis in their stead, and announce their determination to continue the exercise of all their functions, notwithstanding the action of the Governor.

To-day it is reported that the New Police Commissioners will probably appoint Nelson J. Waterbury Police Superintendent, and that two-thirds of the Police captains will report to him and that the Governor will order out the entire militia of the city to support the claims of the new Board.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS THE PILLS THAT CURE.—There are thousands of persons who have for years been dosing with some favorite pills, and imagine that they cannot live without them. When we hear that a man has been taking such and such "pills for years," it is fair to presume he is taking a worthless remedy. Yet there are many who have been afflicted with Costiveness, Indigestion, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c., for years, and from habit have used some favorite pill that affords mere temporary relief, without thinking that the pills they are taking increases the original complaint. Now we guarantee that if these misguided people will take Radway's Pills that from one to six boxes will cure them. Sold by Druggists.

—MARRIED—

ELDER—MILLER.—On the 31st ult., by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. James Elder, of Harrison township, to Miss Ann Miller, of Londonderry township.

—DIED—

LYNCH.—On the 27th ult., Mary Blanch, daughter of Thomas and Maggie Lynch, aged 2 years, 7 months and 23 days.

KNISELY.—On the 30th ult., in Union tp., Mr. Solomon Knisely, aged 79 years, 8 months and 23 days.

REFFNER.—On the 2d inst., Miss Jane E. Reffner, aged 16 years and 9 months.

STIFFLER.—On the 31 inst., in Union tp., Mr. John H. Stiffler, son of Joseph Stiffler, aged 19 years, 9 months and 19 days.

Pocket Book Lost.

Lost between Bedford and the toll gate east of Bedford on Tuesday, the 5th inst., a black Morocco pocket book with gum fastenting, containing two twenty dollar bills, on the Central bank of Hollidaysburg, (not good) one twenty dollar greenback, one ten dollar note on the bank of Waynesburg, and some other bills not recollected, making about sixty dollars in all. Any person finding said pocket book and returning the same, with its contents, to the subscriber, or leaving it at Steckman's hotel, in Bedford, will be liberally rewarded.

B. F. BURNHAM.

January 8, 1864.*

Public Sale
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises, in Harrison township, on Monday, February 1st, 1864, the Real estate of Elizabeth Rollins and John W. Rollins, deceased, containing 145 acres or thereabouts. The improvements are a

LOG HOUSE AND LOG STABLE,

and adjoining lands of Jacob Lehman, John E. Miller, Samuel Huffman and others.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, when the terms will be made known.

J. W. LINGENFELTER, Adm'r. of
Elizabeth Rollins and J. W. Rollins.

CEMETERY BUILDING.

The Managers of the Bedford Cemetery Association, will receive sealed proposals, until Saturday, the 23th inst., for erecting a dwelling house on said cemetery grounds. Plan and specifications may be seen at the office of the Secretary, to whom proposals should be directed.

A. KING, Pres't.

C. N. HICKOK, Sec'y.
Bedford, Jan. 8, 1864.

Public Sale
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Barkman, late of Monroe township, dec'd., by virtue of the direction and authority contained in said will, will sell at Public Sale, at the town of Clearville, in said township, Bedford County, on

Saturday the 6th day of February, next,

all the following valuable Real Estate to wit: All that certain Lot of ground in the said town of Clearville, adjoining lots of James Carnell, John Grove, David Evans and others, containing 5 acres and 31 perches; and having a two story frame Tavern House, (with kitchen attached,) a good frame stable, election house, and other out buildings thereon erected. TERMS: One third in hand and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter.—Deed to be made, hand money to be paid, and possession to be given on the first of April, 1864

JACOB BARKMAN, Ex'r.

January 8, 1864.

CAUTION.

Having purchased at Sheriff's sale the following described property, sold as the property of William Fisher, and having left the same with him during my pleasure; all persons are hereby notified not to disturb or in anywise interfere with the same, viz: Six acres of Wheat in the ground, nine acres of Rye, one grind stone, six shoats, ten head of sheep, one plough, one log chain, one shovel, one cutting box, one wind mill, one muley cow, one white cow, one brindle cow, two bedsteads and bedding, one cooking stove, one table and oilcloth.

GEORGE ROADES,

January 8, 1864.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of John H. Defore, late of Colerain township, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate will present them to the undersigned.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
January 8, 1864. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber, residing in Bedford borough, by the Register of Bedford County on the estate of Samuel Barnhart, late of said borough, dec'd., all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
January 8, 1864. Adm'r.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of Frederick Berkheimer, late of St. Clairsville, Bedford co., deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB WALTER,
JACOB BERKHEIMER,
January 8, 1864.* Executors.

ESTRAY.

Came to the primises of the subscriber, in Liberty township, sometime in September last, a black Bull with white face. No marks perceptible.—Supposed to be one year old last spring. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away or he will be disposed of according to law.

JACOB ROADES.

January 8, 1864.*

STRAY STEER.

Came to the premises of the subscriber residing near Dunnings Creek, in St. Clair township, about the 9th of October last, a black and white steer, between two and three years old, has a crop off of the right ear, and a slit in the left. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

SAMUEL BERKHEIMER.

January 8, 1864.—3t.

STRAY STEER.

Came trespassing upon the premises of the Subscriber, residing in Middle Woodberry Township, on or about the first of September last, one spotted steer, about three years old. No particular mark about him. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

JONATHAN HELTSEL.

January 8, 1864.*

STRAY HEIFFER.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, residing in Union township, sometime in October last, a red Heiffer, two years old last spring, both ears cropped and a notch in the under side of the right ear. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold according to law.

ADOLPHUS AKE.

January 8, 1864.*

J. ALSIP & SON,

Auctioneers & Commission Merchants,

BEDFORD, PA.,

Respectfully solicit consignments of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, and all kinds of Merchandise for AUCTION and PRIVATE Sale.

REFERENCES.

PHILADELPHIA,	BEDFORD,
Philip Ford & Co.,	Hon. Job Mann,
Boyd & Hough,	Hon. W. T. Daugherty,
Armor Young & Bros.,	B. F. Meyers.

January 1, 1864—tf.

Orphans' Court Sale
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned trustee of the heirs and legal representatives of Lavinia and Rebecca Harklerode, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

Friday, the 22d day of January, 1864,

by order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, as well as on his own behalf, all that tract of land situate in Colerain township, Bedford county, now in the occupancy of Christian Harkleroad, known as the "Scott Farm," containing 70 acres and 38 perches, nearly all cleared and under cultivation, having thereon erected a

TWO STORY LOG HOUSE AND DOUBLE LOG BARN,

a never-failing spring of water at the door, and a fine orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Watson's heirs and others. This farm is on the public road leading from Rainsburg to Bedford, and is convenient to the railroad now complete, being good limestone land, and in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to churches and schools.

TERMS—One-half in hand at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by judgments on the property. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M.

At the same time and place there will be offered for sale, 75 acres, part of the same tract, belonging to Maria B. Croyle, about 65 acres cleared, a two story log house, a tenant house, and double log barn thereon erected. Terms of this tract will be made known on day of sale.

JOHN ALSIP, Trustee
and agent for Mrs. Croyle.

January 1, 1864—4t.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS—WARRANTED IN ALL CASES. Can be relied on! Never fail to cure! Do not nauseate! Are speedy in action! No change of diet required! Do not interfere with business pursuits! Can be used without detection! Upward of 200 cures the past month—some of them very severe cases. Over one hundred physicians have used them in their practice, and all speak well of their efficacy, and approve of their composition, which is entirely vegetable, and harmless on the system.—Hundreds of certificates can be shown.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS are the original and only genuine Specific Pill. They are adapted for male and female, old or young, and the only reliable remedy for effecting a permanent and speedy cure in all cases of Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness, with all its train of evils, such as Urethral and Vaginal Discharges, Gleet, the Whites, Nightly or Involuntary Emissions, Incontinence, Genital Debility and Irritability, Impotence, Weakness or Loss of Power, Nervous Debility, &c., &c.. all of which arise principally from Sexual Excesses or Self-Abuse, or some constitutional derangement, and incapacitates the sufferer from fulfilling the duties of married life. In all sexual diseases, as Gonorrhea, Gleet, and Strictures, and in Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, they act as a charm! Relief is experienced by taking a single box.

Sold by all the principal druggists. Price $1.

They will be sent by mail, securely sealed, and confidentially, on receipt of the money, by

J. BRYAN, M. D.,
No. 76 Cedar street, New York.

Consulting Physician for the treatment of Seminal, Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Diseases, who will send, free to all, the following valuable work, in sealed envelope:

THE FIFTIETH THOUSAND—DR. BELL'S TREATISE on Self-Abuse, Premature Decay, Impotence and Loss of Power, Sexual Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Nightly Emissions, Genital Debility, &c., &c., a pamphlet of 64 pages, containing important advice to the afflicted, and which should be read by every sufferer, as the means of cure in the severest stages is plainly set forth. Two stamps required to pay postage.

December 4, 1863—1ysc

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in removing difficulties arising from obstruction, or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weakness of the Uterine Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing distress—the same time they act like a charm by strengthening, invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what causes the obstruction may arise. They should, however, NOT be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills. Price $1.

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE on Diseases of Females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses of Nature, and emphatically the Ladies' Private Medical Adviser, a pamphlet of 64 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage.

The Pills and book will be sent by mail when desired, securely sealed, and prepaid, by

J. BRYAN, M. D., General Agent,
No. 76 Cedar st., New York.

☞Sold by all the principal druggists.

December 4, 1863—1ysc.

Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease !!

A CARD.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who seredilit, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

September 25—4m

A FORTUNE FOR ALL!

EITHER MEN OR WOMEN!!

NO HUMBUG, but an ENTIRELY NEW thing.

Only three months in this country! No clap-trap operation to gull the public, but a genuine money-making thing! Read the Circular of instruction once only, and you will understand it perfectly. A Lady has just written to me that she is making as high as TWENTY DOLLARS SOME DAYS! giving instructions in this art. Thousands of soldiers are making money rapidly at it. No person has to be urged to patronize it. It is a thing that takes better than anything ever before offered. You can make money with it home or abroad—on steamboats or railroad cars, and in the country or city. You will be pleased in pursuing it, not only because it will yield a handsome income, but also in consequence of the general admiration which it elicits. It is pretty much all profit. A mere trifle is necessary to start with.

There is scarcely one person out of thousands who ever pays any attention to advertisements of this kind, thinking they are humbugs. Consequently those who do send for instructions will have a broad field to make money in. There is a class of persons in this world who think that because they have been humbugged out of a dollar or so, that every thing that is advertised is a humbug. Consequently they try no more. The person who succeeds is the one that keeps on trying until he hits something that pays him.

This art cost me one thousand dollars, and I expect to make money out of it—and all who purchase the art of me will do the same. One Dollar sent to me will insure the prompt return of a card of instructions in the art. *The money will be returned to those not satisfied.* Address

WALTER T. TINSLEY,
No. 1 Park Place, New York.

Oct. 30, 1863—3m.

STRAY COW.

Taken up trespassing on the premises of the subscriber residing in Hopewell township, about the first of November last, a dark red muley Cow, with white spots in each flank and a white ring around the tail, supposed to be about 7 years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

BENJAMIN HALL.

January 1, 1864—3t*

ESTRAY.

Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, residing in Bedford township, about the 14th of December last, a red and white Bull, supposed to be about three years old and having a slit in the left ear. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

WILLIAM THOMPSON.

January 1, 1864—3t*

RAIL ROAD ELECTION.

Office Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain R. R. Co., Philadelphia, Dec. 22, 1863.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, on Tuesday, the 12th day of January, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when an election will be held for a President and Twelve Managers to serve for the ensuing year.

J. P. AERTSEN, Sec'ry.

P. A. REED,

HAS ON HAND

AND CONSTANTLY KEEPS

A FULL SUPPLY

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS.

WHICH HE WILL SELL CHEAP FOR

CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bedford, Jan. 8, 1864.

CEMETERY.

The surveys in the Bedford Cemetery have been completed and interments can now be made.

Burial lots can be had at any time by applying to the Secretary, who will show the ground and give necessary information to purchasers.

The prices of lots have been fixed as follows:

For ground bordering upon the principal avenues and carriage ways, 1 square of 4 lots, $30
½ square, 2 lots, ... 18
Single lot, ... 12

For other localities in which purchasers make their own selections,

1 square of 4 lots, ... $28
½ square, 2 lots, ... 16
Single lot, ... 10

When the selections for purchasers are made by officers of the Association,

1 square of 4 lots, at from . . $12 to $20
½ square, 2 lots, at from . . 6 to 16
Single lots, ... 3 to 5

For the purpose of affording further facilities to purchasers, there will be a public sale of lots at the Cemetery on Friday, the 18th of December, inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., at which time and place the Board of Managers will meet any persons desiring to purchase. By order of the Board.

ALEX. KING, Pres't.

C. N. HICKOK, Sec'ry.

WANTED,

100 CORDS TANNERS' BARK, at Farquhar's CHEAP CORNER.

Clover seed, Flax seed and Timothy seed wanted at FARQUHAR'S.

Any and all kinds of Country Produce taken at FARQUHAR'S CHEAP CORNER.

Come and buy your Clothing at CHEAP CORNER, Juliana st.

Money saved by buying BOOTS and SHOES at CHEAP CORNER.

Best CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SATINETTS at CHEAP CORNER.

Come and get a good HAT or CAP at FARQUHAR'S.

Some Beautiful PLAID SHAWLS, very cheap, at FARQUHAR'S.

Nov. 27, 1863.

NOTICE.

The Board of School Directors of the Borough of Bloody Run will, until the 20th day of January, 1864, receive sealed proposals for building a new School House, of brick, two stories in height, and to contain several rooms. The plan and specification can be seen by calling on the Secretary of the Board.

J. A. MANN, Sec'ry.

Bloody Run, Dec. 24, 1863.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Daniel Houck, late of the township of Cumberland Valley, dec'd., will offer at public sale, on the premises, on Thursday, the 21st day of January, 1864, at 12 o'clock, M., the following real estate, to wit:

No. 1, A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Philip Hardman, H. Brandt, Frederick Rice's heirs, George Elliott and others, marked in Inquisition on said estate "A," containing 171 acres and 67 perches.

No. 2, A TRACT OF LAND,

being part of a larger tract adjoining the above, Jones and others, marked in inquisition "B," containing 177 acres and 60 perches.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash at confirmation of sale, the remainder in two equal annual payments without interest.

For further particulars inquire of, or address Jos. W. Tate, Esq., Bedford, or the the undersigned living near the premises.

AMOS GROSS,
JOHN B. HARDINGER,

Dec. 18. Adm'rs.

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE.

Will be sold at public sale, at the residence of John S. Brumbaugh, in South Woodberry township, Bedford county, on

FRIDAY, the 8th day of January, next,

the following valuable real estate, situate in said township, to wit:

ONE TRACT OF LAND, being the Mansion Tract, now in the occupancy of Martin and John S. Brumbaugh, containing about one hundred and sixty five acres and allowance, about one hundred and fifteen acres cleared and under good cultivation, with a good large Dwelling House, Bank Barn, and all other necessary out-buildings thereon.

ALSO—ONE OTHER TRACT OF LAND, adjoining the above, being the one on which Jacob S. Brumbaugh resides, containing about one hundred and fifty acres and allowance, about one hundred acres cleared and under good cultivation, with a large commodious Dwelling House, large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and other out-buildings thereon.

The above tracts are first quality Limestone land, in good condition, with good wells of water, orchards, &c., thereon, and among the most desirable farms in Morrison's Cove, in every respect worthy of the attention of persons desiring to purchase.

ALSO—The one undivided half part of a tract of land, adjoining the above, Daniel Miller's heirs and others, known as the "Biddle Tract," containing in all about one hundred and forty-five acres, about one hundred and ten acres cleared and in cultivation mostly good limestone land, lies well, and is desirable farm land, with a good common dwelling house, barn and other out-buildings thereon erected, a large and very strong spring of good water within a short distance of the house, also two orchards of choice fruit.

ALSO—The one undivided half part of a lot of ground adjoining the tract last mentioned, and land of John Koontz, containing one hundred and twenty eight and one-half perches, with a new, fast-cutting geared Saw mill thereon erected, with all the rights and privileges as to water, &c., thereto belonging.

ALSO—The one undivided half part of a small tract of Ridge land, adjoining lands of Adam Fink, David O. Hoover and others, containing in all about thirty eight acres, being timber land, a considerable part being first rate chestnut timber.

The terms, which will be favorable, will be made known on the day of sale, or at any time previous on application to the subscriber. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JOSEPH P. NOBLE,
Att'y in fact for David Brumbaugh.

December 18, 1863.

Iron City College

Hon. Wilson M'Candless,
Judge of the United States Circuit Court, President

Corner Penn and St. Clair Sts., Pittsburg, Penn.

The Largest, Cheapest and Best.

$35 *Pays for a full Commercial Course.*

☞No extra charges for Manufacturers, Steamboat, Railroad and Bank Book-Keeping. Ministers' Sons at half price. Students enter and review at any time.

This Institution is conducted by experienced teachers and practical accountants, who prepare young men for active business at the least expense and shortest notice, for the most lucrative and responsible situations. DIPLOMAS granted for merit only. Hence the universal preference for graduates of this College, by business men.

PROF. A. COWLEY, the best Penman of the Union, who holds the largest number of 1ST PREMIUMS, and over all competitors, teaches Rapid Business Writing.

CIRCULARS containing full information sent FREE on application to the Principals.

JENKINS & SMITH,
Pittsburg, Pa.

☞Attend where the Sons and Clerks of Bankers and Business Men graduate.

November 6, 1863.

Bedford Rail Road!!

FALL & WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FARQUHAR'S TRAIN HAS ARRIVED

with a very large and well selected stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS

TO SUIT THE SEASON.

LADIES, come and examine our stock of

DRESS GOODS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Some beautiful Balmorals, Woollen Hoods and Head Dresses. Latest style of SHAWLS, good Cloak Cloth, VERY CHEAP.

OVER 500 PAIRS OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

Consisting of Ladies' and Misses, Mens' and Boys' Shoes and Boots of every style and variety, and as low in price as can be had in town.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Men's Wear

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS, JEANS, AND

READY MADE CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS.

No better place to buy an OVER COAT.

HATS AND CAPS in abundance.

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Syrups, Molasses, Tobacco, Cigars, and a great variety of notions.

☞Remember "Cheap Corner for Cheap Goods."

EXAMINE OUR STOCK FIRST.

J. B. FARQUHAR,
Cheap Corner, Juliana St., Bedford.

December 11, 1863.

LADIES

At Cramer's you will find a large assortment of *LADIES' DRESS GOODS*, suitable for fall and winter. Nov. 20.

SAPONIFIER,

OR CONCENTRATED LYE

FAMILY SOAP MAKER.

WAR makes high prices; Saponifier helps to reduce them. It makes SOAP for FOUR cents a pound by using your kitchen grease.

☞CAUTION! As spurious Lyes are offered also, be careful and only buy the PATENTED article put up in IRON cans, all others being COUNTERFEITS.

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co.

PHILADELPHIA—No. 127 Walnut Street.
PITTSBURG—Put Street and Duquesne Way.

November 27, 1863—3m

Valuable Mill Property

FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his Mill property in Southampton township; the improvements are a NEW GRIST MILL and SAW MILL in good running order, a TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE, STORE HOUSE, WAGE HOUSE and Stable; and sixty-five acres of land, about 25 acres cleared and under cultivation, the balance well timbered. This property lies on the line of Fulton county, three miles from the Maryland pike and seven miles from the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road and Cumberland canal.

TERMS—One-third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments.

For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, residing in Bedford, or Joseph Leasure, on the premises.

JOHN NELSON.

December 25, 1863.—4ts

New Firm.

The undersigned having purchased A. B. Carn's entire stock of goods, will continue the business at the old stand, where they will constantly keep a general assortment of goods adapted to the wants of the people. They also expect to receive a general assortment of NEW GOODS in a few days, when their assortment will be complete in every department.

G. R. & W. OSTER.

December 25, 1863—tf

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will offer at public sale, upon the premises, on

FRIDAY, 15th OF JANUARY, 1864,

the following described real estate: A tract of land in Monroe township, containing 250 ACRES and 81 Perches, with a log house and log barn thereon erected, and also, an apple orchard thereon, known as the "John Mills Farm," and of which the said Mills died seized.

TERMS—One-third at confirmation of sale and balance in two equal annual payments without interest. Sale to be at 1 o'clock, P. M.

O. E. SHANNON,
Guardian of Minors.

December 19, 1863.

SIX TEACHERS WANTED.

The School Directors of Monroe township wish to employ 6 competent teachers, to whom good wages will be given. Apply immediately.

HENRY WHETSTONE,
Sec'ry.

Dec. 25, 1863.

ENTIRELY VEGETABLE

NO ALCOHOLIC PREPARATION

A PURE TONIC MEDICINE.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED

German Bitters,

PREPARED BY

Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Phil'a., Pa.

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE

LIVER COMPLAINT DYSPEPSIA JAUNDICE

Chronic or nervous debility, diseases of the kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness, or blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for food, fulness or weight in the Stomach, sour Eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, swimming of the head hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, pain in the side, back, chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

and will positively prevent YELLOW FEVER, BILLIOUS FEVER, &c.

THEY CONTAIN

NO ALCOHOL, OR BAD WHISKEY!

They will cure the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of Hoofland's German Bitters, (purely vegetable) hosts of ignorant Quacks and unscrupulous adventurers, have opened upon suffering humanity the flood gates of Nostrums in the shape of poor whiskey, vilely compounded with injurious drugs, and christened Tonics, Stomachics and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of Alcoholic preparations in plethoric bottles, and big bellied kegs under the modest appellation of Bitters; which, instead of curing, only aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed sufferer in despair.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

Are not a new and untried article, but have stood the test of fifteen years trial by the American public; and their reputation and sale are not rivaled by any similar preparation.

The proprietors have thousands of letters from the most eminent

CLERGYMEN
LAWYERS,
PHYSICIANS,
AND
CITIZENS,

Testifying, of their own personal knowledge, to the beneficial effects and medical virtues of these Bitters.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do, use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

From J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reason why a man may not testify to the benefit he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

Philadelphia, June 23, 1861.

From the Rev. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church.

DR. JACKSON—DEAR SIR:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with commendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail, but usually I doubt not it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD.

Eighth, below Coates st., Phil., Dec. 24.

From the wife of ALDERMAN WUNDER, Germantown.

Germantown, June 1, 1861.

DR. C. M. JACKSON—SIR:—It gave me pleasure two years ago, to give you a certificate, testifying what the German Bitters had done for me. I am now perfectly cured of all those diseases your medicine professes to cure, viz:—Dyspepsia, Chronic and Nervous debility, diseases of the Kidneys, &c. The powerful influence it exerts upon Nervous prostration is surprising. I have been consulted frequently in reference to your Bitters, and without hesitation, have recommended it for the above complaints, and in every instance it has effectually cured. Your medicine has a great reputation in Germantown and is now sold in every Drug store, and in most of the Grocery stores here. If any one should question what I say, let them come to Germantown, and I will prove to their satisfaction, that the Bitters have cured in this vicinity more than twenty cases of the above disease. Respectfully,

HANNAH WUNDER.

Main st., above Rittenhouse, Germantown, Pa.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEIT.

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," on the WRAPPER of each bottle.

Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 631, Arch Street.

JONES & EVANS,
[Successors to C. M. JACKSON & Co.,] PROPRIETORS.

For sale by the Druggists in Bedford.
George B. Amick, St. Clairsville.
J. M. Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run.
John S. Schell, Schellsburg.
G. K. Barndollar, Woodberry.

June 13, 1863—1y.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS,

ARE THE BEST PURGATIVE PILLS.
ARE THE BEST PURGATIVE PILLS.
ARE THE BEST PURGATIVE PILLS.

NO STRAINING.
NO GRIPING.
NO TENESMUS.
NO PILES.

NO FALSE CALLS TO THE WATER CLOSET.

BUT A BRISK AND THOROUGH EVACUATION FROM THE BOWELS IS ALWAYS SECURED.

Newly Discovered Principles in Purgatives.

Dr. Radway's Pills are the best Purgative Pills in the world, and the only Vegetable Substitute for Calomel or Mercury ever discovered. They are composed of

VEGETABLE EXTRACTS FROM ROOTS, HERBS, PLANTS, GUMS, SEEDS, FLOWERS, BARKS, FRUITS AND WEEDS, PREPARED IN VACUO.

One grain of the extract of the medicinal properties of Radway's Pills, possess a greater curative power over disease than a thousand of the crude and inert materials that enter into all other pills in use. These Pills are compounded of the active medicinal properties of the Roots, Herbs, Plants, Flowers, Gums, &c. of which they are composed. One dose will prove their superiority to all other pills. They

PURGE, CLEANSE, PURIFY, HEAL, SOOTHE, CALM, STRENGTHEN, INVIGORATE, And REGULATE THE SYSTEM.

Their Great Combinations.

They are Aperient, Tonic, Laxative, Alterative, Stimulant, Counter Irritant, Sudorific.

AS EVACUANTS,

They are more certain and thorough than the Drastic Pills of Aloes, or Croton or Harlem Oil, or Elaterium; and more mild and healing than Senna, or Rhubarb, or Tamarinds, or Castor Oil.

IN SUDDEN ATTACKS OF

Inflammation of the Bowels or Stomach, Liver, Spleen, Pancreas or Kidneys, Bilious Cholic or Bilious Fever, Erysipelas or Congestive Fever, Small Pox, Measles, or Scarlet Fever,

SIX TO EIGHT OF DR. RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS WILL PURGE THE PRIMARY CAUSE OF THESE FROM THE SYSTEM IN SIX HOURS.

One dose of Dr. Radway's Pills will cleanse the intestinal canal, and purge from the bowels all offending and retained humors, as thoroughly as lobelia or the best approved emetic will cleanse the stomach, without producing inflammation, irritation, weakness,

STRAINING,

or other unpleasant symptoms. There are no other purgative pills in the world that will secure this desideratum.

BETTER THAN CALOMEL OR BLUE PILL.
BETTER THAN CALOMEL OR BLUE PILL.
BETTER THAN CALOMEL OR BLUE PILL.

AS ALTERATIVES,

They exercise a more powerful influence over the liver and its secretions than calomel, mercury, blue pill, hence their importance in cases of Liver Complaints and Spleen Difficulties, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Bilious attacks, Headache, &c. In the treatment of Fevers, either Bilious, Yellow, Typhoid, and other reducing Fevers, they are superior to quinine. Their influence extends over the entire system, controlling, strengthening, and bracing up the relaxed and wasting energies, and regulating all the secretions to the natural performance of their duties, cleansing and purifying the blood, and purging from the system all diseased deposits and impure humors.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS.

ONE TO SIX BOXES WILL CURE

Costiveness,	Jaundice,	Rush of Blood to the Head,
Constipation,	Congest've Fever,	Obstructions,
Congestion,	Sleepiness,	Dropsy,
Heart Disease,	Gen'l Debility,	Acute Erysipelas,
Disease of Kidneys & Bladder	Dimness of Sight,	Headache,
Disease of Liver,	Fits,	Bad Breath,
Biliousness,	Lown's of Spirits,	Inflamation of the Intestines,
Typhus Fever,	Quinsey,	Apoplexy,
Ship Fever,	Dyspepsia,	Enlargement of the Spleen,
Malignant Fever,	Measles,	Scurvy,
Loss of Appetite,	Melancholy,	Whooping Cough,
Indigestion,	Hysterics,	Worms,
Inflammation,	Amenorrhœa,	Bad Dreams,
Palpitations,	Fainting,	Pleurisy.
Scarlet Fever,	Dizziness,	
Bilious Fever,	Retention of Urine,	

I AM CURED.

"I have taken six doses of Radway's Pills, of three pills each, in six days; they cured me of Constipation, Indigestion, and Dyspepsia. I have taken B——th's, A——r's, and many other pills for years, and could only obtain temporary relief. If I stopped the use of these pills for a week my old complaint would appear. Six doses of Radway's Pills cured me.

STEPHEN BENNETT, U. S. C. S."

"I have suffered with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint for seven years—have used all sorts of pills—they would give me temporary comfort, but was compelled to take them all the time. I have used one box of Dr. Radway's Pills; I am cured. I have not taken a particle of medicine in six months.

C. M. CHILDS, Roxbury, Mass."

PILES, STRAINING AND TENESMUS,
PILES, STRAINING AND TENESMUS,

Are the results of inflammation or irritation of the mucous membrane of the bowels, induced by drastic pills—these imperfect pills, instead of being dissolved by the chile, are carried to the lower bowels, and induce a peristaltic movement or evacuation by their irritation—*hence the straining, cramps, wrenching pains, piles and tenesmus, and the frequent false calls to the water closet, that patients undergo who take these imperfect pills.*

If you would avoid these annoyances, whenever a purgative medicine is required, take a dose of

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

THEY WILL PURGE THOROUGHLY AND LEAVE THE BOWELS REGULAR.

Persons afflicted with PILES, may rely on a positive cure by their use.

COATED WITH GUM. COATED WITH GUM. COATED WITH GUM.

Dr. Radway's Pills are elegantly Coated with Gum, are free from taste or smell, can be taken at all times and on all occasions. No danger will result from colds, if exposed to wet or damp weather after taking these pills.

SIX OF RADWAY'S PILLS

Have caused a vigorous evacuation, in severe cases of inflammation of the Bowels, Paralysis, &c., after Croton Oil, Harlem Oil, injections and other means completely failed. A dose of Radway's Pills will remove all obstructions, and secure a free passage. Directions for use are inside each box. Price per box, 25 cents. Sold by Druggists, Medicine Dealers, and Store keepers.

N. B.—Every Agent has been furnished with fresh and new made Pills. As each box is enclosed with a steel Engraved Label, take none others.

RADWAY & CO.,
87 Maiden Lane, New York.

Sold by Druggists.

Oct. 9th 1863.—1y

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

TEA DEALERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

November 13, 1863—1y

Last Notice to Collectors.

All Collectors of the several districts of Bedford county, who have not settled their duplicates up to the year 1863, are hereby notified that unless the same be done by February Court, they will be proceeded against without respect to persons, as the law directs. This is positively the last notice.

By order of the Commissioners.

JOHN G. FISHER, Clerk.

December 18, 1863.

French all Wool Shirting Flannels, Cassimeres, and all Wool Overshirts for sale at

Nov. 20. CRAMER & CO'S.

SHRINER'S

BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain and Weakness of the Breast, Difficulty of Breathing, &c.

THIS is no new remedy. It has been used for a number of years in Maryland and parts of Pennsylvania, and has, wherever known, acquired an unprecedented reputation for curing the various diseases for which it is recommended.

So apparent is its usefulness, and so remarkable has been its cures, that it is fast superceding every other remedy for those diseases. The afflicted can rely upon it doing as much for them, and in many cases more than any other remedy now before the public.

It is recommended and prescribed in the practice of a large number of the most intelligent and able physicians of Maryland. It is used and considered an indispensable household remedy by a large portion of the first families of the State.

It is used by all classes of society, and the universal opinion is that it is good. *This Syrup is purely Vegetable Compound.* It is pleasant to take, and never does injury. But owing to its purifying qualities, must do good under any circumstances. Its effects are truly wonderful, soothing, calming, and allaying the most violent coughs, purifying, strengthening and invigorating the whole system, calming and soothing the nerves; aiding and facilitating expectoration, and healing the

DISEASED LUNGS,

Thus striking at the root of disease, and driving it from the system.

CROUP.

This disease is announced by difficulty of breathing, shrill whistling or wheezing, hacking cough and threatened suffocation, &c. It mostly occurs in young children. No child need die of croup if this Syrup is properly used and used in time. Mothers having croupy children should watch the first show of the disease, and always keep this remedy at hand.

For coughs after measles this Syrup is most excellent. Experience has proven that it is equalled by no other preparation.

The price of the remedy is such as to place it within the reach of all, the poor as well as the rich, and every person should have it.

Every person should have it in the house. It is a true and faithful friend to all who value health and wish to secure themselves against that most terrible disease, consumption. It will be found the most useful as well as the cheapest family medicine in the world. It has been used for the last four years with a success without a parallel.

Price 40 cents per bottle, or three bottles for $1.00. Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro.

For sale by H. C. Reamer and B. F. Harry Druggists, Bedford, Pa.

December 18, 1863—1y.

SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE.

SINCE the introduction of this beautiful preparation, it has been steadily advancing into public favor. Its astonishing efficacy in expelling worms has won for it many friends wherever known, and these are speaking its praise to others, so that it is fast being introduced into every family in the land. The demand for it is becoming immense. To make it still more worthy the preference already shown it, the PROPRIETOR is putting it up in a much handsomer style than formerly. It is now prepared with the greatest care of uniform strength, with plain directions, so that any one can administer it.

TO DESTROY WORMS!

It is entirely Vegetable---Perfectly Safe and Harmless.

And has never been known to fail to expel worms, where worms existed. The proprietors boldly assert that it is superior to any other preparation in the world.

☞Ask for SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE, and take no other. ☞Price 25 cents per bottle.

*.*Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro., and for sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

Dec. 18, '63—1y

Foutz's Mixture,

THE BEST LINIMENT FOR MAN AND BEAST

IS a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of Rheumatism, Painful Nervous Affections, Sprains, Burns, Swellings and all diseases requiring an external application on man.

On horses it will never fail to cure Poleevil, Fistula, old running sores, or Sweeney, if properly applied. For sprains, bruises, scratches, crooked hoofs, chafes, saddle or collar gall, cuts or wounds, it is an infallible remedy. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

RHEUMATISM.

Persons afflicted with this disease no matter of how long standing, can be promptly and effectually cured by using this Mixture.

AND EAST

There is nothing in the world so sure and so good to take away hard corns, and cure Frost Bites as this preparation. Try it and satisfy yourselves. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Prepared by

S. A. FOUTZ,
Westminster, Md.

NOW IN USE

☞For sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

December 18, 1863,—1y

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED HORSE AND CATTLE

POWDERS.

THESE Powders have proved, after a trial of several years, to be superior to any preparation of the kind in use. The chief superiority of these Powders arises from the fact that they are composed of medicines that have Laxative, Tonic and Purifying properties. The laxative ejects crudities from the stomach and intestines, the tonic gives strength to the system of the Horse, and the purifying medicines contained in them cleanse the blood, and lay the foundation for a vigorous and healthy circulation. The use of them improves the wind, strengthens the appetite and gives the horse a fine, smooth and glossy skin—thus improving the appearance, vigor and spirit of this noble animal.

These powders are not intended, as most powders are, to bloat the animal, so as to give him the appearance of being fat when not really so—but, to remove the disease and promote his general health.

These powders will strengthen the stomach and intestines, cleanse them from offensive matter, and bring them to a healthy state. They are a sure prevention of Lung Fever, and a certain remedy for all diseases incident to the Horse, as Glanders, Yellow Water, Distempers, Founder, Heaves, Slavering, Coughs, Fevers, Loss of Appetite and Vital Energy, &c.—These Powders, if used two or three times a week, through the winter and spring, your horse will never get the Lung Fever, Colic or Botts. A few doses of these powders will remove the worst cough on any horse. Were owners of horses to feed a few of these powders every year, they might save the lives of many valuable horses.

HORSES. CATTLE. HOGS.

MILCH COWS.

The properties this powder possesses in increasing the quantity of milk in cows, gives it an importance and value which should place it in the hands of every person keeping a cow. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

HOGS.

In all diseases of swine, as coughs, ulcers, in the lungs and liver, &c., by putting from half a paper to a paper of these powders in a barrel of swill, the above diseases can be cured or entirely prevented. By using these powders the hog cholera can be prevented.

Prepared by S. A. FOUTZ,
Westminster, Md.

☞For sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa. Dec. 18—1y

HOGS. CATTLE. HORSES.

Bedford County, ss:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for the county of Bedford, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1863, before the Judges of the said Court,

On motion of A. King, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Samuel McMullen, late of North Woodberry township, Bedford county, now Blair county, dec'd., to wit: Mary, intermarried with Harry Gates, now deceased, and leaving a daughter, Sarah, intermarried with John E. Satterfield, residing in the county of Bedford, William McMullen, residing in Clarion county, Pa., Elizabeth, intermarried with Johnson McClelland, since deceased, leaving children whose names and residence are unknown, but are believed to reside in Carroll county, in the state of Indiana, Susan and Sarah, both since dead, without lawful issue, Gerald McKiernan, and William Lapin McKiernan, children of Catharine (an heir) and Wm. McKiernan, residing in Douglas county, Kansas, Samuel McMullen and Nancy Jane Tussey, widow of James Tussey, residing in Douglas county, Kansas, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, on the second Monday (8th day) of February next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of the said Samuel McMullen, dec'd., at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto to set my hand and the seal of the said Court at Bedford, the 22d day of December, A. D. 1863.

O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.

Attest—JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.

Bedford County, ss:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1863, before the Judges of the said Court, on motion of J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Philip Shroyer, late of Londonderry township, dec'd., to wit: Jacob Shroyer, William Shroyer, residing in Maryland, John Shroyer, residing in Somerset county, Pa., Tinnie, wife of Philip Klitz, residing in Bedford county, Pa., Polly Gommell, wife of Peter Gommell, residing in Somerset county, Pa., Elizabeth, widow of William Spealman, residing in Somerset county, Pa., Rachel Castner, wife of John Castner, residing in Bedford co., Pa., Sarah Klitz, wife of Samuel Klitz, residing in Bedford county, Pa., Philip Shroyer, residing in Henry county, Iowa, Daniel Shroyer, residing in Bedford county, Pa., Adam Shroyer, living in Bedford county, Pa., Susan, wife of Jacob Willison, residing in Bedford county, Pa., to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford in said county on the 2d Monday (8th day) of February next to accept or refuse to take the real estate of the said Philip Shroyer, dec'd., at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court at Bedford, the 22d day of December, A. D. 1863.

O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.

Attest—JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Of Bedford Borough for the year 1862.

JOHN BORDER, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of Bedford, for the year 1862.

DR.

To cash received from former Treasurer, H. Nicodemus;	$19 24
To amount received from R. D. Barclay on Judgment against Agnew,	29 16
To amount from Nicodemus as collector	91 50
To amount from Levi Agnew on judg't,	15 81
To amount from collector H. Nicodemus	240 02
To amount from Agnew, Smith and Nicodemus	42 95
To amount from H. Nicodemus	102 62
Total	$541 31

CR.

By amount paid J. Palmer for Garretson for cement	$ 3 20
Paid J. Palmer salary as clerk, stationery, &c.,	23 00
Paid Daniel Beard auditor's fees	3 00
Paid W. R. King do	3 00
Paid H. Nicodemus for swearing in officers	3 75
Paid H. Nicodemus as adm'r of S. H. Tate for recording deed	6 94
Paid D. Over for printing	3 55
Paid John Minnich bill of work	3 50
Paid Daniel Shuck for hauling dirt	12 00
Paid for digging foundation for hay scales	10 25
Paid Levi Agnew one year's salary as water master	62 50
Paid for digging ditch, laying pipes, &c.,	13 12
Paid J. R. Durborrow for printing	10 00
Paid D. Borber salary for attending town clock	20 00
Paid Samuel Boor for posts for hay scales	8 00
Paid H. C. Reamer for record book	5 00
Paid James Curboy for work on Pitt st.	32 00
Paid B. F. Meyers for printing	12 00
Paid D. Crouse for walling foundation for hay scales	11 70
Paid Patrick Wall for carting at hay scales	3 00
Paid John Border salary as treasurer	20 00
Total	$511 99
Balance due borough	$29 32

Statement of money due to Bedford Borough on the first day of April, 1863

Balance due borough on duplicates of 1860 and 1861	$726 14
Due from H. Nicodemus collector on duplicate of 1862	3 10
Due from A. J. Sansom, weigh master, on settlement April 22, 1863,	$26 43¾
Aggregate of outstanding moneys due borough up to April 1, 1863,	784 99¾

The above is subject to exonerations and credits by check to be made on duplicates of 1860, '61 & '62.

The undersigned, Auditors of the Borough of Bedford do hereby certify that in pursuance of the act of Assembly in such case made and provided, met at the office of John Palmer, Esq., in said borough, and did audit and adjust the accounts between John Border, Treasurer of the Borough, and said Borough, as contained in the foregoing statement.

Witness our hands this 17th day of December, 1863.

LEWIS SAUPP,
N. J. LYONS,
Auditors.

Attest—
JOHN PALMER, Clerk.

STRAY COW.

Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, residing in Hopewell tp., about the first of November last, a Brindled Muley Cow, medium size, no ear marks observable. The owner is requested to prove his property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

Dec. 18.—3ts. JACOB STEEL.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bedford Rail Road Company, that the annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of said Company in Bedford, on the second Monday, (11th day) of January, 1864, for the purpose of electing a President and twelve Directors for the ensuing year—The election will open at 2 and close at 4 o'clock, P.

JOHN P. REED, Sec'ry.

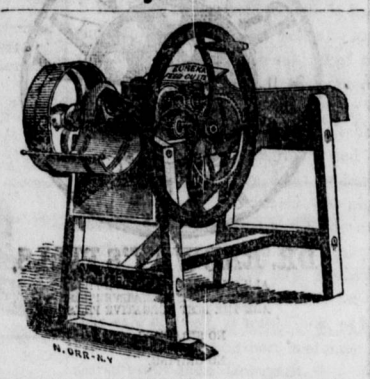
December 18, 1863.

100 SACKS GROUND ALUM SALT,
Just received at J. M. SHOEMAKER'S.
October 30, 1863.

CLOTHING.

Go to Cramer & Co's. and look at their immense supply of CLOTHING, before you purchase.
November 20.

Hartley's Column.



The great Eureka Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutter and Crusher, can now be obtained from Wm. Hartley, agent for Bedford and adjoining counties. This cutter now stands UNEQUALLED. Three sizes are made, and the largest size will cut and crush as fast as three men can feed it. Hay is scarce and will be high in price. Sensible farmers will save their hay and feed cut corn fodder to both horses and cattle. Try one of these cutters, farmers, and you will not regret it. All machines warranted.

Hartley is also agent for the celebrated

"Key-Stone Cider-Mill."

Which is the BEST AND EASIEST RUNNING MILL now made.

Hardware in all its variety can be had at the

Mammoth Store

OF

William Hartley,

at low rates, as the greater part of his immense stock was purchased at the OLD PRICES

Hartley is sole agent in Bedford county, for the sale of the celebrated

CHAMBERSBURG COOK STOVE,

which is the *heaviest and best planned* Cook Stove ever sold in this county, as all must admit who *examine* it—call and see it.

HOUSEHOLD HARDWARE AND IRON

COOKING UTENSILS, POTS, WAFFLE IRONS, SKILLETS, GRIDDLES, GRIDIRONS, &C., IN

GREAT QUANTITY.

Iron and Nails,

By the pound or ton.

POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY,

BUILDING MATERIAL, LOCKS, HINGES,

GLASS, PUTTY, PAINTS & OILS.

BRUSHES, of all kinds, at OLD PRICES.

PLANES, CHISELS, BRACES AND BITS.

WOODEN WARE.

SPAIN'S ATMOSPHERIC CHURNS,

Wash Boards, Buckets, Brooms, Baskets, Shoemakers' and Saddlers' Tools and Findings

of all kinds.

MOROCCO AND CALF SKINS.

Carriage Springs, Axles, Steel, Felloes, Bows, Enameled Muslin—Forks, Rakes, Scythe Snaths,

Grind Stones. Grain Cradles, Shovels, Spades,

Mill Saws, Meat Saws and Hand Saws.

A NEW ARTICLE OF COAL OIL,

the cheapest in town, as it does not burn away fast

TRY IT. The new Philadelphia INDIA RUBBER OIL PASTE.

BOOT AND SHOE BLACKING.

the best article of the kind made. Try a box.

COAL OIL LAMPS,

BLOODY RUN CASTINGS,

FRESH PHILADELPHIA GARDEN SEEDS

Warranted Genuine and Good.

Hartley is also agent for the unequaled

GUM ROLLER, GUM SPRING

Grain Drill;

This is now too well known to need commendation.

Hartley WARRANTS every machine sold to come up to the REPRESENTATION. He has sold to hundreds—and has had NO LAW SUITS. He is agent for the very best Farm Machinery and Cook Stoves the genius of man has yet produced. Any person wanting a Reaper, Mower, Cook Stove, Grain Drill, or Farm Implement of ANY DESCRIPTION will find it to their interest to buy from HARTLEY, both as to quality of goods and price.

Bedford, March 13, 1863.

FOR SALE

OR

TRADE!

Eighty acres of limestone land, on the Hollidaysburg pike, 2½ miles from Bedford—a part of the Wm. Smith lands—about 12 acres well timbered and balance under fence and in a high state of cultivation. To this is now added 20 acres, with a large apple orchard which yielded this year 38 barrels of cider and a large quantity of apples besides. This 20 acres lie next to the turnpike and make the whole a neat farm of 100 acres.

ALSO—A tract of land in Union township, containing 225 acres, 72 acres cleared, with a farm house, tenant house, double log barn and new Saw Mill thereon erected. Also, an apple orchard thereon—known as the "Snyder" or "Koons" property.

A Farm in Bedford township, owned by John H Rush, about four miles from Bedford, containing 180 acres, about 80 acres cleared, with log house, log barn and other out-buildings thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon.

A new two storied Brick House and lot of ground in the borough of Bedford, formerly owned by William Spidel, situate on West Pitt Street.

60 acres of land—10 cleared and under fence with a log house thereon erected, adjoining George Troutman, George May and others, partly in Juniatta and partly in Londonderry Townships, lately owned by Andrew Wolford.

ALSO—166 acres near Stonerstown- within ½ mile of Broad Top Railroad—about 100 acres cleared, with a two story dwelling house—new bank barn, stable, &c., thereon erected; also, two apple orchards thereon, of choice fruit. The soil is a rich loam, and capable of producing every variety of crops of this climate.

ALSO—160 acres best quality of prairie—near the Mississippi river, close to the county seat of Harrison county, Iowa.

ALSO—Two 160 acre tracts, adjoining Elkhorne city, in the richest valley of the west the Platte Valley—about 20 miles west of Omaha city, and close to the great national or government road leading west in Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—160 acres, two miles above Omaha city, on the great bend of the Missouri. This tract is well timbered and very desirable. All of these lands were located after a personal inspection and careful examination of the ground, and can be well relied upon for future wealth. Maps showing the precise location are in my possession.

ALSO—Three desirable lots in Omaha City, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—A lot of ground in the city of Dacotah, Nebraska Territory.

The above real estate will be sold at such prices as to insure safe and profitable investments.

Notes or obligations of any kind, that are good, will be taken in exchange—particularly good bank notes.

May 8, 1863. O. E. SHANNON.

And Still They Come.

MORE NEW GOODS, Just received at

Sept. 18. J. M. SHOEMAKER'S.

UNION HOTEL.

WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA.

V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.

This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms. A splendid

LIVERY STABLE

is attached to this hotel. [May 9, 1862.

CALL AND SEE

THE

Mammoth Stock

AT

J. M. SHOEMAKER'S

CHEAP STORE,

NOW OPENING.

His customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine for themselves.

HIS GOODS

ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY, AND

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

LOOK

TO YOUR OWN INTEREST

BY EXAMINING MY STOCK.

A LARGE LOT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes,

OF EXCELLENT QUALITY,

AND VERY CHEAP,

form a part of my new stock.

Fall & Winter Wear,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Ladies' Dress Goods,

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, &C., &C.

All to be had at the store of J. M. Shoemaker.

Bedford, Nov. 20, 1863.

CRAMER & CO.

Have just opened a very large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods.

Buyers are respectfully invited to call and see them.

October 30, 1863.

CASH.

Wanted, Cloverseed, Flaxseed, and Country Produce, for which we will pay the highest price in CASH. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

October 16, 1863—tf

REBELLION AGAINST HIGH PRICES!

Revolution in Bedford!

E. M. FISHER

and "LITTLE JOHN C.," have just opened a new *FANCY AND DRY GOODS STORE*, at the stand formerly occupied by Samuel Brown, immediately opposite the Washington Hotel, where they constantly keep on hand a very large assortment of

MUSLINS, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, &C.,

and pay especial attention to the sale of NEEDLEWORK, LADIES' COLLARS, CUFFS AND UNDER SLEEVES, LINEN AND SILK POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, LADIES' HOSE, MITTS AND GLOVES, GENTLEMEN'S HOSE, WHITE GOODS, SPOOL THREAD, LADIES' HEAD DRESSES AND VEILS, FANCY SOAPS, HOOP SKIRTS, JEWELRY, SHIRT FRONTS, &C., &C., ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD VERY LOW FOR CASH.

The public are respectfully invited to call and see our stock before buying elsewhere.

E. M. FISHER & L. J. C.

Bedford, May 8, 1863.

RICHARD LEO.

MANUFACTURER OF

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet-making business, will make to order and keep on hand every thing in his line of manufacture.

BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASH-STANDS, &C., &C.

will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

☞Shop one door east of the residence of J. M. Russell, Esq., South side of the Public Square.

RICHARD LEO.

July 10, 1863.—tf

One Thousand

Yards of Venitian and all Wool Carpeting, Matting, Floor Cloth and Stair Linen, just received. Cheap for Cash or Wool. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

May 29, 1863.

Pension & Bounty Claims.

Cessna & Shannon have received all the forms and instructions for procuring Soldiers Pensions & Bounty money. The earlier application is made the sooner claims will be attended to at Washington.

CESSNA & SHANNON,

January 2, 1863,—tf. Bedford Pa,

GENTLEMEN,

Please call and see our Cloths and Cassimeres. Fifty pieces just opened. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

May 29, 1863.

TO BUY CHEAP,

Call at CRAMER & CO'S

OLD STORE. May 29.

HATS

To suit all tastes, just received at CRAMER'S.

May 29, 1863.

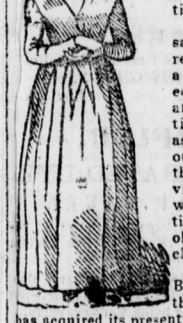
Economy is Wealth!

CURE YOUR COUGH FOR 13 CTS.

THE BEST and CHEAPEST Household REMEDY in the World.

Madame ZADOC PORTER'S

GREAT COUGH REMEDY.



Madame ZADOC PORTER'S Curative Balsam is warranted if used according to the directions, to cure in all cases Coughs Colds, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all affections of the throat and Lungs.

Madame Zadoc Porter's Balsam is prepared with all the requisite care and skill, from a combination of the best remedies the vegetable kingdom affords, its remedial qualities are based on its power to assist the healthy and vigorous circulation of the blood, thro' the Lungs. It is not a violent remeby, but emolient warming, searching and effective; can be taken by the oldest person or the youngest child.

Madame Zadoc Porter's Balsam has been in use by the public for 18 years, and has acquired its present sale simply by being recommended by those who have used it to their afflicted friends and others.

MOST IMPORTANT.—Madame Zadoc Porter's Curative Balsam is sold at a price which brings it in the reach of every one to keep it convenient for use of a single bottle will prove to be worth 100 times its cost.

NOTICE.—SAVE YOUR MONEY!—Do not be persuaded to purchase articles at 4s. to $1 which do not contain the virtues of a 13 cent bottle of Madame Porters Curative Balsam, the cost of manufacturing which is as great as that of almost anyother medicine and the very low price at which it is sold, makes the profit to the seller apparently small, and unprincipled dealers will sometimes reccommend other medicines on which their profits are larger, unless the customer insist upon having Madame Porter's and no other. ASK for Madame Porter's Curative Balsam, price 13 cents, and in large bottles at 25cents, and take no other. If you cannot get it at one store you can at another.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers at 13 cts., and in larger bottles at 25 cts.

HALL & RUCKEL, Proprietors,
NEW YORK.

January, 23, 1863,—1y.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer at private sale the whole of the

CORNELIUS DEVORE REAL ESTATE,
Containing in all 500 acres of
LIMESTONE LAND,

in a high state of cultivation. There are about 306 acres of this land cleared and under good fence.—The improvements are

A Large Brick Dwelling House, Large Bank Barn, Threshing Machine Shed, Clover House, Two Graneries, Two Tenant Houses, Two Blacksmith Shops, and other Out Buildings, One large Orchard of CHOICE FRUIT.

There are TWO SPRINGS, a WELL of never-failing water and a large CISTERN upon the premises.

This property lies in the Wills Creek Valley, near the terminus of the Connellsville Railroad, twelve miles from Cumberland, Md., and is one of the most desirable properties for investment in the country. It will be sold on terms of one-third on delivery of possession and the balance in two equal annual payments. It is near to the coal mines, making fuel a matter of little moment.

ADDRESS Jacob C. Devore, at Buffalo Mills, Bedford county, Pa., John C. Vickroy, Cumberland Valley, Bedford county, Pa., or James C. Devore, Cumberland, Md., who are the executors of Cornelius Devore, dec'd.

August 7, 1863.

Just Received A full Supply of Groceries.

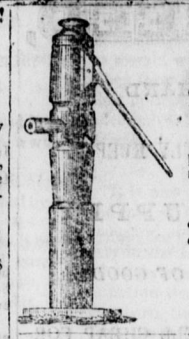
J. M. SHOEMAKER'S.

August 14 the 1863

BEAUTIFUL SUN UMBRELLAS

Just opened at CRAMER'S.

May 29, 1863.



PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the Erie Pump—certainly the only pump well adapted to this climate.

Persons in need of a good pump will do well to give me a call.

☞Orders from all parts of the county will be attended to with promptness.

ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg.

Aug. 1, 1862.—3m

CH. G. SOWER, W. H. BARNES, F. C. POTTS.

SOWER, BARNES & CO.,

PUBLISHERS AND DEALERS IN

Miscellaneous, School and Blank Books

AND

STATIONERY,

No. 37, North Third Street, below Arch,

PHILADELPHIA.

PUBLISHERS OF PELTON'S OUTLINE MAPS AND KEYS,

The largest and best Outline Maps ever published

SANDER'S NEW READERS, GREENLEAF'S AND BROOKS' ARITHMETICS, &c.

Blank Books, Writing, Wrapping, Curtain and Wall Papers.

March 6, 1863.

WATERMAN, YOUNG & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

407 NORTH THIRD STREET,

ABOVE CALLOWHILL,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 7, 1863—1y.

PETER ARMBRUSTER & BRO.,

No. 306 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

LOOKING GLASSES, COMBS, CEDAR WARE, CORN BROOMS & BRUSHES,

Laces, Cambrics, Jaconets, Mull Muslins,

Gloves and Hosiery of all kinds,

And a general stock of FRENCH, GERMAN and ENGLISH GOODS.

March 6, 1863.—1y

ARMAR YOUNG, DAVID YOUNG, H. C. MOORE.

ARMAR YOUNG, BRO. & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

EMBROIDERIES, LACES,

White Goods, Hosiery, Mitts, Gloves, Trimmings &c., No. 429 Market Street, 418 Commerce street, PHILADELPHIA.

March 6, 1863.—1y

FAMILY DYE COLORS.

Black, Dark Blue, Light Blue, French Blue, Claret Brown, Dark Brown, Light Brown, Snuff Brown, Crimson, Dark Drab, Light Drab, Dark Green, Light Green, Magenta, Maroon, Orange, Pink, Purple, Royal Purple, Salmon, Scarlet, Slate, Solferino, Violet, Yellow.

For Dyeing Silk, Woolen and Mixed Goods, Shawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Kid Gloves, Children's Clothing, and all kinds of Wearing Apparel.

☞A SAVING OF 80 PER CENT.☜

For 25 cts you can color as many goods as would otherwise cost five times that sum. Various shades can be produced from the same Dye. The process is simple, and any one can use the Dye with perfect success.

Directions in English, French and German, inside of each package.

For further information, in Dyeing and giving a perfect knowledge what colors are best adapted to dye over others, (with many valuable recipes,) purchase Howe & Stevens' Treatise on Dyeing and Coloring. Sent by mail on receipt of price—10 cents.

Manufactured by HOWE & STEVENS.
260 Broadway, Boston.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers generally.

September 25, 1863—6m.

Terrible Disclosures---Secrets for the Million.

A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings. Dr. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps, or three copies for $1. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division Street, New York.

June 5, 1863—1yw

NEW ESTABLISHMENT!

SADDLES, BRIDLES AND HARNESS!

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Bloody Run and vicinity, that he has just opened out a new shop for the manufacture of Saddles, Bridles, Harness and everything usually in the saddlery line of business. His work will be warranted as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest. Having been employed, for some time, in some of the best manufactories in Pittsburg, he flatters himself that he is able to give entire satisfaction to all who may become his customers.—The public are invited to give him a call. Shop next door to the store of Captain Wm. States.

W. L. LENTZ.

Bloody Run, June 12, 1863.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Vend. Exponas to me directed there will be exposed to public Sale at the Court House, in the town of Bedford, on Thursday, the 14th day of January, A. D. 1863, at 10, o'clock, P. M. the following property, to wit: One tract of land containing Seventy eight acres, more or less, about forty acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house, and log Stable thereon erected. adjoining lands of Wm. Wertz, Christian Carn, Jacob Beard, and others, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Martin Corle.

ALSO.—One Lot of Ground in the town of Bedford fronting about Sixty feet on West Street, and extending back about two hundred and forty feet with *two one story houses* frame Stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of Levi Agnew, on the South and lot of Eben Pennell on the North, Situate in Bedford Borough, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of James McMullin.

JOHN ALDSTADT,
Dec., 18, 1863. Sheriff.

Pension and Bounty Claims.

U. H. AKERS has received all the forms and instructions for procuring Soldiers' Pension and Bounty money. He also has a partner in Washington City to prosecute the claims speedily.

Bedford, Nov. 27, 1863—tf

BLYMIRE & SON

HAVE RECEIVED

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS

FROM

NEW YORK

AND

PHILADELPHIA,

TO WHICH THEY INVITE

The attention of the

PUBLIC.

OUR STOK

CONSISTS IN PART

OF THE FOLLOWING

GOODS:

NAILS, SPIKES AND BRADS,

ROLLED AND HAMMERED IRON,

Of every size and description.

Building Material.

LOCKS, HINGES, BOLTS, SCREWS,

PAINTS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c., &c., &c.

CARPENTER, COOPER, AND

MILLWRIGHT TOOLS OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Blacksmith Tools.

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SCREW-PLATES, TONGS, PINCERS, &c.

Saddler's Tools and

HARNESS MOUNTING.

BUCKLES, OF ALL KINDS;

PATENT ENAMELED LEATHER,

HOG SKINS, JAPANNED AND SELF-ADJUSTING TREES; WOOD AND IRON

HAMES, BITTS, AND TOOLS OF

EVERY VARIETY. ALSO,

GIRTINGS, REIN WEB

AND SADDLE TREES.

CUTLERY.

A

FINE

ASSORTMENT

OF CUTLERY, TABLE

AND POCKET KNIVES;

ALSO, SCISSORS, RAZORS,

CARVING KNIVES, FORKS, &c.,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS & FINDINGS;

FRENCH CALF SKINS, CAMPICO MADDRARS,

PINK LININGS AND BINDINGS;

FRENCH MOROCCO, LASTS, BOOT

TREES, CRIMPING BOARDS,

AND TOOLS OF EVERY

DESCRIPTION, TO-

GETHER WITH

PEGS OF

DIFFERENT SIZES AND GRADES.

Paints, Oils, &c.

Red Lead, Black Lead, White Lead, Linseed, Whale and Sperm Oils; Turpentine and Varnish; Carriage Makers' Trimmings; Springs, Axles, Felloes, Shafts, Curtain Muslin, Duck, Patent Leather, Linings, Bands, Bows, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, Chimneys, Shades and Wicks.

—ALSO—

FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES, SHOVELS, SPADES, WOVE WIRE, OIL CARPET, LOOKING GLASSES, &c., &c.

CROSS CUT AND MILL SAWS.

Coffin Trimmings,

Screws, Studs, Diamonds, Handles, Lace & Plates.

Cedar Ware

Tubs, Churns, Buckets, Baskets, Zinc Rubbers.

STOVES.

Being in the Stove business for more than twenty years, we profess to be particularly acquainted with that necessary household article, and have taken great pains to get a stove that is complete. We think we have succeeded, and offer to the public the

"WELLINGTON" COOK STOVE,

or which we have the sole agency, and will warrant it in every respect, we ask no purchaser to keep the stove unless it pleases.

The purchaser can have a choice out of our large assortment of Stoves, consisting of ten or twelve patterns of the most improved Cook Stoves manufactured.

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

In great variety.

Also, Cooking Ranges of the most improved pattern.

Tin Ware.

We still continue the manufacture of TIN WARE, keeping always on hand a large stock, made by the best of workmen.

Roofing, Spouting, and Job Work done to order.

☞We invite the special attention of Country Merchants to our stock. We are prepared to wholesale on the most reasonable terms.

☞Call at our Mammoth Store Room, on Pitt Street, and examine our goods.

Bedford, July 24, 1863—tf